

VIJAYANAGARA SRI KRISHNADEVARAYA

UNIVERSITY

JNANASAGARA CAMPUS, BALLARI – 583 105

Department of Studies in Physics

SYLLABUS

Master of Science (I-IV Semester)

With effect from 2021-22



VIJAYANAGARA SRI KRISHNADEVARAYA UNIVERSITY

JNANASAGARA CAMPUS, BALLARI-583105

Department of Studies in Physics

Programme: Master of Science (M.Sc.) in Physics

Duration: 2 Years (4 semesters)

Programme Overview:

Master of Science (M.Sc.) in Physics programme is designed to prepare students for a career in teaching, research or industry by introducing them to a wide range of concepts in physics and training in techniques applicable in various research areas. The programme aims to provide basic understanding of principles & concepts of physics through well structured teaching-leaning process and experimentation to understand the new dimensions of physics.

Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs):

After 3-4 years of completion of the programme the graduates will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate competency in physics to solve and analyse contemporary problems.
- 2. Demonstrate research skills which might include laboratory techniques, numerical techniques and computer programming.
- 3. Occupy positions in academic/research institutions / industry.
- 4. Demonstrate leadership qualities to achieve professional and organizational goals with commitment to ethical standards and team spirit.

Programme Outcomes (POs):

At the end of the programme the students will be able to:

- 1. Apply the domain knowledge to solve practical problems.
- 2. Apply the mathematical techniques to interpret behavior of physical systems.
- 3. Demonstrate the ability to design & execute experiments, anlyse and interpret the results.
- 4. Demonstrate the ability to propose and execute a research project, and ethically report the results with concern for society and environment.
- 5. Work in a group to execute a project and contribute as an individual.
- 6. Effectively communicate the concepts, applications and research results in physics (both written and oral).
- 7. Develop lifelong learning habits by continuously updating advances in physics / science.



VIJAYANAGARA SRI KRISHNADEVARAYA UNIVERSITY

Distribution of Courses/Papers in Postgraduate Programme as per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) in

Department of Studies in Physics

M.Sc. I - SEMESTER

Semester	Category	Subject code	Title of the Paper		Marks		T ho	eachii urs/w	ng eek	Credit	Duration of exams
				IA	SEE	Total	L	Т	P		(Hrs)
	DSC1	1PHY1C1L	Mathematical Methods of Physics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
	DSC2	1PHY1C2L	Classical Mechanics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
	DSC3	1PHY1C3L	Atomic, Molecular & Optical Physics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
	DSC4	1PHY1C4L	Electronics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
FIRST	SEC1	21PHY1S1LP	Design of Electrical & Electronics Circuits	20	30	50	1	-	2	2	2
	DSC3P1	1PHY1C3P	Atomic, Molecular & Optical Physics Lab	20	30	50	-	-	4	2	4
	DSC4P2	1PHY1C4P	Electronics Lab	20	30	50	-	-	4	2	4
	DSC1T1	21PHY1C1T	Mathematical Methods of Physics	20	30	50	-	2	-	2	2
	Total Marks for I Semester					600				24	

M.Sc. II-SEMESTER

Somostor	Catagory	Subject and	Title of the Deper		Marks		Teaching hours/week			Credit	Duratio n of
Semester	Category	Subject code	The of the Paper	IA	Sem.	Total	L	Т	Р	Creun	exams
					Exam						(Hrs)
	DSC5	21PHY2C5L	Computational Physics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
	DSC6	21PHY2C6L	Quantum Mechanics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
	DSC7	21PHY2C7L	Condensed Matter Physics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
	DSC8	21PHY2C8L	Nuclear Physics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
SECOND	SEC2	21PHY2S2LP	Model based Design of Physical Devices/ Systems	20	30	50	1	-	2	2	2
	DSC5P3	21PHY2C5P	Computational Physics Lab	20	30	50	-	-	4	2	4
	DSC7P4	21PHY2C7P	Condensed Matter Physics Lab	20	30	50	-	-	4	2	4
	DSC8P5	21PHY2C8P	Nuclear Physics Lab	20	30	50	-	-	4	2	4
	Total Marks for II Semester					600				24	

M.Sc. III-SEMESTER

Semester	Catego	Subject code	Title of the Paper	Marks		Marks Teaching hours/week Credit		Teaching hours/week		Duration	
Semester	ry	Subject coue	The of the Luper	IA	SEE	Total	L	T	P		(Hrs)
	DSC9	21PHY3C9L	Thermal and Statistical Physics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
	DSC10	21PHY3C10L	Analytical Techniques &	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
	DSCIU		Instrumentation								
		21PHY3E1AL	A. Advanced Condensed Matter	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
	DODI		Physics								
	DSEI	21PHY3E1BL	B. Advanced Nuclear Physics								
		21PHY3E1CL	C. Materials Science	1							
	DSE2	21PHY3E2AL	A. Radiation Physics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
		21PHY3E2BL	B. Optical Spectroscopy								
THIRD		21PHY3E2CL	C. Renewable Energy Physics								
	GEC1	21PHY3G1AL	A. Nanomaterials	20				-	-	2	2
		21PHY3G1BL	B. Astrophysics		30	50	2				
		21PHY3G1CL	C. Biophysics								
	SEC3	21PHY3S3LP	Research Methodology	20	30	50	1	-	2	2	2
	DSC9P6	21PHY3C9P	Thermal and Statistical Physics Lab	20	30	50	-	-	4	2	4
	DSC10P7	21PHY3C10P	Analytical Techniques & Instrumentation Lab	20	30	50	-	-	4	2	4
		Total Marks fo	r III Semester			600				24	

M.Sc. IV-SEMESTER

Semester	Category	Subject code	Title of the Paper		Mark	8	To hoi	eachii urs/w	ıg eek	Credit	Duration of exams
	Caregory			IA	SEE	Total	L	Τ	P		(Hrs)
	DSC11	21PHY4C11L	Advanced Quantum Mechanics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
	DSC12	21PHY4C12L	Electromagnetics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
	DSE3	21PHY4E3AL	D. Semiconductor Physics	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
		21PHY4E3BL	E. Particle Physics								
		21PHY4E3CL	F. Nanoscience								
	DSE4	21PHY4E4AL	A. Lasers and Optical fibers	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
		21PHY4E4BL	B. Accelerator Physics								
FOURTH		21PHY4E4CL	C. Astrophysics								
	GEC2	21PHY4G2AL	A. Physics in Everyday Life								
		21PHY4G2BL	B. Space								
			Research Programs in	20	20						
			India and Abroad	20	30						
		21PHY4G2CL	C. Exciting Inventions			50	2	-	-	2	2
			in Physics								
	DSC12P8	21PHY4C12P	Electromagnetics Lab	20	30	50	-	-	4	2	4
	Project	21PHY4C1R	Research Project	30	70	100		-	8	4	4
	Total Marks for IV Semester					600				24	
	(I-IV semester)- Total Marks: 2400]	otal cre	dits: 9)6			

DSC – Department Specific Core, DSE – Discipline Specific Elective, SEC – Skill Enhancement Course, GEC – Generic Elective Course, IA – Internal Assessment, SEE – Semester End Examination, L – Lecture, T – Tutorial, P – Practical.

Course: Mathematical Methods of Physics	Course Code: 21PHY1C1L
Teaching Hours/Week (L-T-P): 4 - 0 - 0	No. of Credits: 04
Internal Assessment: 30 Marks	Semester End Examination: 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to train students to use the mathematical methods /techniques differential equations, special functions, Fourier series, integral transforms, linear algebra, matrices, vector calculus, group theory and tensors to understand physical systems.

Unit 1: Differential equations and Special functions 11 Hours

Differential equations: Ordinary differential equations: First order homogeneous and nonhomogeneous equations with variable coefficients. Second order homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations with constant and variable coefficients. (Ref 1, 2, 4, 5)

Special functions: Legendre functions: Legendre polynomials, Rodrigue's formula generating function and recurrence relations, orthogonality of Legendre equations. Bessel functions: Bessel functions of the first kind representation relations orthogonality. Hermite functions: Hermite polynomials, generating five recurrence relations, orthogonality. Laguerre functions: Laguerre and associated Laguerre polynomials, recursion relations, orthogonality. (Ref 1,2,4,5)

Unit 2: Fourier series & Integral transforms

Fourier series: Fourier's theorem. Cosine and Sine series. Change of interval. Complex form of Fourier series. Fourier integral. Extension to many variables. (Ref 1,2,4,5)

Fourier transforms: Introduction, Properties, Fourier transform of a derivative, Fourier transform of functions of two and three variables, Finite Fourier transforms, Some physical applications.

Laplace transforms: Introduction, Properties, Laplace transform of the derivative of a function, periodic function and some special functions, Inverse Laplace Transform-Properties and Evaluation, Convolution Theorem. (Ref 1,2,4,5)

Unit 3: Linear Algebra and Matrices

Linear Algebra: Scalar Products, real & Complex Vector Space, Metric Spaces, linear operator, algebra of linear operators, Norms, Infinite dimensional Vector Space, Hilbert Space. (Ref 4,5,6) Matrices: Cayley-Hamiltonian Theorem, matrix representation of operators, Unitary & Hermatian matrices, diagonalization of matrices, Eigen values & Eigen vectors. (Ref 4,5,6)

Unit 4: Complex analysis & Vector analysis

Complex analysis: Complex Numbers, Functions of a complex variable, Properties of analytic functions, Cauchy's integral theorem, singularities of an analytic function, Cauchy's residue theorem,

M.Sc. Physics First Semester

11 Hours

11 Hours

11 Hours

evaluation of definite integrals. (Ref 1,2,4,5)

Vector analysis: Cartesian and curvilinear coordinate systems; Review of vector algebra; vector differentiation and integration; Line, surface and volume integrations, some examples; Gauss and Stoke's theorems. (Ref 1,2,4,5)

Unit 5: Group theory & Tensors

11 Hours

Group theory: Groups, subgroups, classes, Homomorphism and isomorphism, Group representation, Reducible and irreducible representations, Character of a representation, character tables. Construction of representations, Representations of groups and quantum mechanics, Lie groups, The three dimensional rotation group SO(3), The special unitary groups SU(2) and SU(3), The irreducible representations of SU(2), Representations of SO(3) from those of SU(2). Ref (1,24,5)

Tensors: Coordinate transformation in linear spaces, definition and types of tensors, Contravariant and Covariant tensors, symmetric and antisymmetric tensors. Tensor algebra: Equality, addition and subtraction, tensor multiplication, outer product; contraction of indices, inner product, quotient theorem, Kronecker delta, metric tensor, Christoffel symbols. Ref (1,24,5)

Reference Books:

- 1. Mathematical Physics by Satya Prakash, S Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 2019.
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by H.K. Dass, S Chand and Company Ltd., 2013.
- 3. Mathematical Physics by B. D. Gupta, 3rd Ed, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. 2004.
- 4. Mathematical Methods for Physicist, George Arfken and Hans J Academic press San Diego, 1995.
- 5. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, 10th Edition, 2011.
- 6. Linear Algebra Seymour Lipschutz, Schaum Outlines Series, 4th Edition, 2009.

СО	Statement
1	Solve differential equations of first & second orders.
2	Apply different transforms to solve mathematical problems of interest in science and engineering.
3	Solve different physical problems which contain complex variables.
4	Apply integral transforms to solve mathematical problems of interest in physics.
5	Formulate and express a physical law in terms of tensors, and simplify it by use of coordinate transforms.

M.Sc.	Physics	First	Semester
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Course: Classical Mechanics	Course Code: 21PHY1C2L
Teaching Hours/Week (L-T-P): 4 - 0 - 0	No. of Credits: 04
Internal Assessment: 30 Marks	Semester End Examination: 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to understand the applications of classical mechanics including Newtonian, Lagrangian and Hamiltonian principles to physical systems.

Unit 1: Newtonian Mechanics and Motion in a Central Force Field 11 Hours

Review of Newtonian mechanics: Newton's law's of motion, Mechanics of single particle and system of particles: Conservation of linear momentum, energy and angular momentum (quantitative).

Motion in a Central Force Field: Equivalent one body problem (quantitative), Motion in a central force field (quantitative), General features of the motion (qualitative), Motion in an inverse square law force field (qualitative), Equation of the Orbit (quantitative), Nature of the orbits, Kepler's laws of planetary motion (Deduction of third law).

Unit 2: Motion of a Rigid Body

Moving Coordinate systems: Rotating coordinate systems, Coriolis force, Motion on the Earth (qualitative), Effect of coriolis force on freely falling particle (quantitative).

Motion of a Rigid body: Euler's Theorem, Angular Momentum and Kinetic energy (quantitative), Inertia Tensor, Euler's equations of motion (quantitative), Torque free motion (quantitative), Euler's angles (qualitative), motion of symmetric top (quantitative), Nutational Motion (quantitative).

Unit 3: Lagrangian Formulation

Constraints and its types, Generalized co-ordinates, D' Alembert's principle (expression for Virtual displacement, genealised velocity, virtual work, generalized force), Lagrangian equation of motion (quantitative) and its importance, Symmetries and the laws of conservation, cyclic co-ordinates, Velocity dependent potential of electromagnetic field, Rayleigh dissipation function, Simple applications.

Unit 4: Hamilton's Formulation

Configuration space, Basics of Variational principle, Hamilton's Principle, Hamilton's equations of motion (qualitative) and some applications, Phase space.

11 Hours

11 Hours

11 Hours

Canonical transformation, Condition for transformation to be canonical, Poisson Brackets, Canonical equations in terms of Poisson Bracket notation, Hamiltonian-Jacobi equations, Numericals.

Unit 5: Two body Collisions and Small Oscillations 11 Hours

Elastic Scattering: Laboratory and centre of mass systems (quantitative), Kinematics of elastic scattering in laboratory systems, Inelastic Scattering, Cross section (quantitative), Rutherford formula (quantitative).

Theory of small oscillations, General case of coupled oscillations, Eigenvectors and Eigen frequencies, The orthogonality of eigenvectors, Normal coordinates, Small oscillations of particles on string.

Reference Books:

- 1. Classical Mechanics by H Goldstein, Third Edition, Pearson India, 2011.
- 2. Introduction to Classical Mechanics by R G Takwale and P S Puranik, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1979.
- 3. Classical Mechanics by N C Rana and P S Joag, Tata McGraw, 1991.
- 4. Classical Mechanics by J. C. Upadhyaya, Himalaya Publishing House, 2014.
- 5. Classical Dynamics of particles and systems by J. B. Marian, Academic Press, New York, 1965.

Course Outcomes (CO): After completion of this course student should able to

CO	Statement
1	Solve the problems of motion of particle in a central force field.
2	Develop the knowledge of quantitative and qualitative methods for understanding moving coordinate systems and motion of a rigid body.
3	Organize the importance of Lagrangian concepts of motion.
4	Describe the Variational Principle, Hamilton's equation of motion and Poisson brackets.
5	Interpret the concepts of elastic scattering, inelastic scattering and small oscillations.

Course: Atomic, Molecular and Optical Physics	Course Code: 21PHY1C3L
Teaching Hours/Week (L-T-P): 4-0-0	No. of Credits: 04
Internal Assessment: 30 Marks	Semester End Examination: 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to understand the fundamentals of atomic, molecular and optical physics and apply them to explain behavior of physical systems.

Unit 1: Atomic Physics I

Brief review of early atomic models of Bohr and Sommerfeld, Spectrum of hydrogen, Rydberg atoms (brief treatment), Quantum states of an electron in an atom, Spin orbit interaction – Expression for term shift, Quantum mechanical relativity correction for term shift, Hydrogen fine structure, Spectrum of helium – ortho and para states, Fine structure in alkali spectra, Calculation of level splitting due to spin-orbit interaction in alkali spectra, Sodium doublet, Intensity ratio for doublets, Hyperfine structure – Isotope and nuclear spin effects, Width of spectral lines- Natural, Doppler and External effects. (Ref. 1, 2, 3 & 4)

Unit 2: Atomic Physics II

Magnetic moment of a bound electron, Zeeman effect – Types, Magnetic interaction energy, Zeeman splitting in Sodium D-lines, Paschen-Back effect – Magnetic interaction energy, Paschen-Back splitting in Sodium D-lies, Stark effect – Types, Stark effect in hydrogen – weak and strong fields, Coupling schemes: LS and jj coupling – Expression for interaction energy, multiplet splitting and Lande interval rule, Electron Spin Resonance (ESR), Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR), Chemical Shift in NMR (qualitative). Working Principle of Constant Deviation Spectrometer (CDS) and its uses. Talbot bands, Hartman's formula. (Ref. 1, 2, 3 & 4)

Unit 3: Rotational and Vibrational spectroscopy

Rotational/microwave Spectra: Types of molecules based on rotation, Rotational spectra of rigid diatomic molecule, Intensities of spectral lines, Effect of isotopic substitution, Spectrum of non-rigid rotator, Instrumentation for rotational spectroscopy – Microwave spectrometer, Chemical analysis by microwave spectroscopy, Microwave radiation for microwave oven (qualitative).

Vibrational/infrared spectra: Vibrating molecule as a simple harmonic oscillator, Anharmonic oscillator, Diatomic vibrating rotator, Analysis by infrared techniques, Instrumentation for Vibrational spectroscopy – infrared spectrometer. (Ref. 2, 5 & 6)

Unit 4: Raman and Electronic Spectroscopy

Raman Spectra: Classical and Quantum Theories of Raman effect, experimental technique, Pure rotational Raman spectra of linear & symmetric top molecules, Raman activity of vibrations, Rule of

11 Hours

11 Hours

11 Hours

11 Hours

mutual exclusion, Vibrational Raman spectra. Comparison of infrared and Raman spectroscopy. Applications of Raman spectroscopy (qualitative).

Electronic Spectra: Born-Oppenheir approximation, Vibrational coarse structure: progressions, Intensity of Vibrational-Electronic spectra : Franck-Condon principle, Rotational fine structure of Electronic-Vibration transitions, Dissociation and predissociation, Chemical analysis by electronic spectroscopy, Instrumentation for electronic spectroscopy : UV-Vis spectrometer (single and double beam). Jablonski diagram - fluorescence and phosphorescence, Selection rules. (Ref. 2, 5 & 6)

Unit 5: Optical Physics

11 Hours

Coherence of light - spatial and temporal coherence, Characteristics of a laser beam, Laser light versus ordinary light, Induced absorption, spontaneous and stimulated emissions, Einstein's coefficients, Population inversion and methods, Metastable states, Beer's law – attenuation of light, Theory of amplification of light – Gain coefficient, Threshold condition for light amplification, Requisites of laser system – active medium, energy source & optical resonant cavity, Three level lasers versus Four Level lasers with examples, Laser Systems: (a) Nd-YAG Laser (b) Carbon Dioxide Laser (c) Excimer Laser (d) Dye Lasers (e) Free-Electron Laser, Applications of Laser: (a) Holography (b) Defense – Ranging (c) Laser Cooling (d) Isotope separation (e) Eye Surgery: LASIK. (Ref. 1, 2 & 7)

Reference Books:

- 1. Concepts of Modern Physics by Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan and S Rai Choudhury, McGraw Hill Education, 7th Edition, 2015.
- 2. Atomic and Molecular Spectra by Raj Kumar, Kedar Nath Ram Nath (KNRN) Publishers, 5th Edition Reprint 2019.
- 3. Introduction to Atomic Spectra by H.C. White, McGraw-Hill Education / Asia, 1963.
- 4. Concepts of Atomic Physics by S.P. Kuila, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd. (NCBA), Kolkata, January 2018.
- 5. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopic by C N. Banwell and E. M. McCash, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., Ltd., New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2008.
- 6. Molecular Spectra by Herzberg Gerhard, D.Van Nostrand Company Inc., Vol.I, 2005.
- 7. Laser Fundamentals by William T. Silfvast, Cambridge University Press, 2nd Edition, 2004.

Course Outcomes (CO): After completion of this course student should able to

СО	Statement
1	Apply the concepts of atomic physics to analyse and interpret spectra of atoms.
2	Apply the concepts of molecular physics to analyse and interpret spectra of molecules.
3	Apply the concepts of laser physics to understand the laser systems and their applications.

Course: Electronics	Course Code: 21PHY1C4L
Teaching Hours/Week (L-T-P): 4-0-0	No. of Credits: 04
Internal Assessment: 30 Marks	Semester End Examination: 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to train students to understand the applications of electronic devices and circuits.

Unit 1: Physics of Devices

Carrier concentration in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, electrical conduction mechanism in semiconductors, Fermi level in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors and its dependence on temperature and carrier concentration. Carrier generation - recombination, mobility, drift-diffusion current. Theory of p-n junctions – depletion region, forward bias, reverse bias, carrier density, current, electric field, barrier potential. V-I characteristics, Junction breakdown.

11 hours

Unit 2: Transistor

Transistor action, configurations (CE, CB & CC) and relation between α & β . BJT transistor modelling, Hybrid equivalent model, Voltage divider bias, CE and Emitter follower configurations, Frequency response. Hybrid model equivalent circuit concept. Concept of feedback criteria for oscillation. Oscillator operation, Phase shift oscillator, Wein-bridge oscillator, FET amplifiers: FET small signal model, Biasing of FET, Common drain common gate configurations, Operational characteristics of MOSFET.

11 hours

Unit 3: Operational amplifier

Concepts of differential amplifier, Ideal op-amp, op-amp parameters, ideal voltage transfer curve, open loop and closed op-amp configurations, inverting amplifier, non-inverting amplifier, limitations of open loop op-amp configurations. feedback in Op-amp. Current amplifier, summing amplifier, difference amplifier, integrator and differentiator. Active filters: Types and specifications, filter transfer function, first order and second order filter functions, low-pass, high-pass band-pass and band-reject filters, Butterworth filter. Signal generators Basic principles. Phase shift oscillator and crystal oscillators.

11 hours

Unit 4: Digital Electronics

Boolean operations and expressions, Boolean analysis of logic gates, simplification of Boolean expression. Karnaugh map: two, three and four variable map, product of sums (POS) and sum of

11 hours

products (SOP) simplification. Families of logic gates, implementation of Boolean expressions. Logic gates: AND, OR, NAND and NOR gates, AND-OR and NAND-NOR implementation of Boolean expression, Logic gate operation with pulse waveforms.

11 hours

Unit 5: Sequential and Conversion circuit

Latches flip flop, RS and JK flip-flops, The Master-Slave JK Flip-Flop, D and T flipflops. Counters - Binary Ripple Counters, Synchronous Binary counters, counters based on Shift Registers, introduction to A/D and D/A conversion circuits, filtering and sampling, quantisation, quantization error, flash converter and dual slop converter, conversion errors. Binary weighted converter, R-2R ladder converter, characteristic properties. Introduction to microprocessor.

Reference Books:

- 1. Physics of Semiconductor Devices by S M Sze, Kwok K Ng John Wiley 3rd Ed. 2007.
- 2. Microelectronics, J Millman and Arvin Grabel, Mc Graw Hill 2nd Edition 1987.
- 3. Introduction to electronics, K J M. Rao. Oxford 1976.
- 4. Integrated electronics, Milmann and Halkias. Mc Graw Hill 1991.
- 5. Electronic Fundamentals and Application, J D Ryder. Ed. Rev 1966.
- 6. Basic Electronics B L Theraja S Chand 1st Ed. 1985.
- 7. Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits, R Gayakwad, PHI Publications, 2000.
- 8. Operational Amplifiers and Linear IC's, F Robert Coughlin, F Frederick, PHI, 1994.
- 9. Digital Principles and Applications, A P Malvino and D Leach, TMH 1991.
- 10. Digital fundamentals, Thomas L Floyd, 8th edition, Pearson Education 2003.

CO	Statement
1	Explain basic working principles and governing equations of electronic devices.
2	Design and analyse the electronic circuits.
3	Apply the knowledge for the development and design of new methods to determine
	semiconductor parameters and devices.

Course: Design of Electrical & Electronics Circuits	Course Code: 21PHY1S1LP
Teaching Hours/Week (L-T-P): 1-0-2	No. of Credits: 02
Internal Assessment: 20 Marks	Semester End Examination: 30 Marks

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to train students to on the aspets of design electrical and electronic circuits.

Unit 1: Measurement and Principles of Electricity

Instruments accuracy, precision, sensitivity, resolution range. Errors in measurements and loading effects. AC, DC, Voltage, Current, Resistance, Capacitance, Inductance, fundamentals and applications, **Hands on Sessions:** Analysis of R, RC, LC and RLC and its application as passive filters.

Unit 2: Electric Motors

AC & DC motors. Basic design. Interfacing DC or AC sources to control heaters & motors.

Hands on Sessions: Modeling and control of a DC motor (PWM Controlled DC Motor).

Unit 3: Introduction of Virtual Lab

Introduction to Python, Matlab and ExpEyes Kit, components, Sources and connectors with ExpEyes Kit. **Hands on Sessions:** Producing Sinusoidal Waves, Study of V-I characteristic curve of Diode, Study of LDR, Charging and discharging of capacitor in RC and LCR circuit.

Reference Books:

- 1. Electric Circuits, S. A. Nasar, Schaum's outline series, Tata McGraw Hill (2004)
- Electrical Circuits, M. Nahvi& J. Edminister, Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw-Hill (2005)
- 3. Electrical Circuits, K.A. Smith and R.E. Alley, 2014, Cambridge University Press
- 4. Electronic Devices and Circuits, David A. Bell, 5th Edition 2015, Oxford University Press.
- 5. Lab Manual prepared by IUAC, New Delhi

Course Outcomes (CO): After completion of this course student should able to

CO	Statement
1	Explain how to model, simulate, and analyze an electric circuits.
2	Explore effect of parametric variation on the performance of a circuit.
3	Perform simple multi-domain simulation of a physical system.
4	Explain the solution process and customize existing models to suit specific requirements.
5	Explain the importance of virtual lab
6	Model and simulate circuits using interface.

14 hours

14 hours

14 hours

Course: Atomic, Molecular and Optical Physics Lab	Course Code: 21PHY1C3P
Teaching Hours/Week (L-T-P): 0 - 0 - 4	No. of Credits: 02
Internal Assessment: 20 Marks	Semester End Examination: 30 Marks

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to conduct experiments in atomic, molecular and optical physics to determine atomic, molecular and optical parameters of matter/device/systems.

List of Experiments

- 1. Wavelength of sodium light using Michelson's Interferometer.
- 2. Determination of doublet separation by using Michelson's Interferometer.
- 3. Determination of Rydbereg constant using diffraction grating and hydrogen discharge tube.
- 4. Study of absorption spectrum of iodine vapour and determination of force constant.
- 5. Talbot bands.
- 6. Constant deviation Spectrometer.
- 7. Verification of Hartman's formula.
- 8. Study of Zeeman effect
- 9. Study of Stark effect
- 10. Analysis of rotational spectrum
- 11. Analysis of Vibrational spectrum
- 12. Verification of Beer's law.
- 13. Temporal and spatial coherence of laser light.
- 14. Wavelength of Laser light by single slit diffraction method.
- 15. Wavelength of Laser light by double slit interference method.
- 16. Diffraction halos (Lycopodium powder particle size determination).
- 17. Ultrasonic velocity in liquids using Spectrometer / spectral shift.

Note:

- 1. Minimum of EIGHT experiments must be carried out.
- 2. Experiments may be added as and when required with the approval of BoS.

References:

1. University Practical Physics by D.C. Tayal, Himalaya Publishing House, First Millenium Edition, 2000.

- 2. Advanced Practical Physics for students by B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, Asia Publishing House, 1971.
- 3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, I. Prakash & Ramakrishna, Kitab Mahal, 11th Edition, 2011.
- 4. Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, Heinemann Educational Publishers, 4th Edition, 1985.

Course Outcomes (CO): After completion of this course student should able to

СО	Statement
1	Design experiments to study atomic spectra of atoms.
2	Analyse spectra of molecules.
3	Use laser light to determine properties of light.

Course: Electronics Lab	Course Code: 21PHY1C4P
Teaching Hours/Week (L-T-P): 0-0-4	No. of Credits: 02
Internal Assessment: 20 Marks	Semester End Examination: 30 Marks

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to conduct experiments in electronics to study behavior of electronic devices.

List of Experiments

- 1. Studies on Cathode Ray Oscilloscope: DC/AC voltages and frequencies of sine and square signals, Unknown frequencies using Lissageous figures.
- 2. Full-wave bridge rectifier using diodes: Design and study the performance of CR, L and π type filters.
- 3. Study of Fixed Bias and Voltage divider bias configuration for CE transistor.
- 4. Study of Astablemultivibrator using transistors: Frequency studies.
- 5. To design inverting amplifier using Op-amp (741, 351) & to study its mathematical operations.
- 6. To design non-inverting amplifier using Op-amp (741, 351) & study frequency response.
- 7. Design and study frequency response Weinbridge Oscillator using Op-Amp.
- 8. Design and construction of Logic gates using diodes and transistor and verify their truth table.
- 9. Construction of Karnaugh map for three and four variables.
- 10. (a) To convert Boolean expression into logic circuit & design it using logic gate ICs.
 - (b) To minimize a given logic circuit.
- 11. Flip-Flop: Design of JK and RS flip flop circuit using IC 7412and study the truth table.
- 12. Study of A/D and D/A conversion circuits.

Note:

- 1. Minimum of EIGHT experiments must be carried out.
- 2. Experiments may be added as and when required with the approval of BoS.

Reference Books:

- Electronic devices and circuit Theory by R.Boylstead and Nashalsky, Pearson, 10th Edition, 2009.
- 2. Digital Principles and Applications, A P Malvino and D Leach, TMH 1991.
- 3. Operational amplifiers and linear IC's by F.Robert Coughlin and Frederick F Driscoll.
- Instrumental Methods of Analysis : (6th Edition) H.H. Willard, L.L.Merrit, J.A. Dean & F.A. Settle, J.K. Jain for CBS Publishers (1986).

CO	Statement
1	Use Cathode Ray Oscilloscope for electrical measurements.
2	Design electrical/electronic devices using diodes/transistors and analyse their characteristics.
3	Design electronic circuits using OP-AMP and analyse their characteristics.
4	Design electronic circuits using logic gates/ICs and analyse their characteristics.

Physics First Semester

Course: Mathematical Methods of Physics	Course Code: 21PHY1C1T
Teaching Hours/Week (L-T-P): 0 - 2 - 0	No. of Credits: 02
Internal Assessment: 20 Marks	Semester End Examination: 30 Marks

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to train students to apply mathematical techniques to well defined physical situations.

Unit 1: Physical Applications of Differential Equations and Special Functions 09 hours Radiocarbon Dating, Heating an office building (Newton's Law of Cooling), Leaking Tank. Outflow of Water Through a Hole (Torricelli's Law), Free Oscillations of a Mass–Spring System, Modeling Electrical Circuits (Differential Equations-Ref Kreyszig), Linear Electric Multipoles (Legendre Polynomials - Ref. Arfken)

Unit 2: Physical Applications of Fourier Series and Integral Transforms09 hours

Transverse vibrations of a string, Effective Values and average of a product (Fourier Series-Ref B D Gupta), Guassian Probability Function - (Fourier Transform-Ref B D Gupta), Determining charge on the capacitor, Deflection of a beam (Laplace Transform-Ref B D Gupta), The LCR Circuit (Laplace Transform - Lesson 11, Study of DC transients in R-L-C Circuits Version 2 EE IIT, Kharagpur).

Unit 3: Physical Applications of Vector Analysis, Matrices and Tensors 08 hours

Force on a charged particle, Circular motion of a particle (Vector Analysis – B D Gupta), Laplace's and Poisson's equations (Ref. Arfken), Electromagnetic Field (Ref. Satya Prakash), Matrices in Physics – Pauli spin matrices and Dirac matrices (Ref. SatyaPrakash), Matrices in the study of electrical circuits, Tensors in Elasticity, Tensors in Rigid Bodies (Ref. Satya Prakash).

Reference Books:

- 1. Mathematical Physics by Satya Prakash, S Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 2019.
- 2. Mathematical Physics by B. D. Gupta, 3rd Ed, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. 2004.
- 3. Mathematical Methods for Physicist, George Arfken and Hans J Academic press San Diego, 1995.
- 4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, 10th Edition, 2011.
- 5. NPTEL lectures on Laplace Transform Lesson 11, Study of DC transients in R-L-C Circuits Version 2 EE IIT, Kharagpur.

CO	Statement
1	Apply Differential Equations and Special Functions to interpret physical/electrical systems.
2	Apply Fourier Series and Integral Transforms to interpret physical/electrical systems.
3	Apply Vector Analysis, Matrices and Tensors to interpret physical systems.