# Dept. of Zoology OEC: ANIMAL BEHAVIOUR

Course Title: Animal Behaviour	Course code: 21BSCOEZO
Total Contact Hours: 42	Course Credits: 03
Internal Assessment Marks: 40 marks	Duration of SEE: 03 Hours
Semester End Examination Marks: 60 marks	

## **Course Outcomes (COs):**

### At the end of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Know the stages of the life cycles of the parasites and infective stages.
- 2. Develop ecological model to know population dynamics of parasite, establishment of parasite population in host body, adaptive radiations and methods adopted by parasite to combat with the host immune system.
- 3. Develop skills and realize significance of diagnosis of parasitic infection and treatment.
- 4. Understand about diseases caused by Protozoa, Helminthes, Nematodes and Arthropods at molecular level.
- 5. Develop their future career in medical sciences and related administrative services.

## **OEC: ANIMAL BEHAVIOUR**

Unit	Description	Hours
1	Chapter 1. Introduction to Animal Behaviour Origin and history of Ethology; Brief profiles of Karl Von Frish, Ivan Pavlov, Konrad Lorenz, Niko Tinbergen, Proximate and ultimate causes of behaviour, Methods and recording of a behaviour	8
2	Chapter 2. Patterns of Behaviour Stereotyped Behaviours (Orientation, Reflexes); Individual Behavioural patterns; Instinct vs. Learnt Behaviour; Associative learning, classical and operant conditioning, Habituation, Imprinting.	8
3	Chapter 5. Social and Sexual Behaviour  Social Behaviour: Concept of Society; Communication and the senses; Altruism; Insects' society with Honey bee as example; Foraging in honey bee and advantages of the waggle dance.  Sexual Behaviour: Asymmetry of sex, Sexual dimorphism, Mate choice, Intra-sexual selection (male rivalry), Inter-sexual selection (female choice), Sexual conflict in parental care. Nematode plant interaction; Gall formation	10
4	Chapter 3. Migratory behavior  Migration in fishes – Types of migration, anadromous and catadromous migration with reference to Hilsa and Anguilla.	7

Migration	in	birds-	Methods	of	studying	migration,	preparation	for
migration, Types of Bird Migration, O					Orientation and Navigation.			

5	Chapter 6. Biological rhythms			
	Types and characteristics of Biological rhythms. The Biological Clock.			
	Circadian rhythms and their synchronisation seasonal rhythms.			
	Photoperiodism. Communication: Visual, olfactory, accoustic.			
	Chemoreception: Chemicals (pheromones) as signals in insects, fish and	9		
	mammals. Hormonal Control of behaviour. Cooperation and conflict:			
	Evolution of altruism.			

#### References

- 1. David McFarland, Animal Behaviour, Pitman Publishing Limited, London, UK.
- 2. Manning, A. and Dawkins, M. S, An Introduction to Animal Behaviour, Cambridge, University Press, UK
- 3. John Alcock, Animal Behaviour, Sinauer Associate Inc., USA.
- 4. Paul W. Sherman and John Alcock, Exploring Animal Behaviour, Sinauer Associate Inc., Massachusetts, USA.
- 5. Reena Mathur, "Animal Behaviour"
- 6. Fundamentals of animal behaviour Sathguru Prasad.
- 7. Agarwal, V.K. &Usha Gupta. S. Chand's simplified course in Ecology and Ethology.
- 8. Arora, Mohan P. 2000. Animal behaviour. (Himalaya Publ. House).
- 9. Ranga, M.M., 2004. Animal behavior.
- 10.McFarland, David. Animal behaviour: Psychology, Ethology & Evolution. (ELBS Publ.).
- 11. Slater, P.J.B. 1999. Essentials of animal behaviour. (Cambridge Univ. Press).