

## VIJAYANAGARA SRI KRISHNADEVARAYA UNIVERSITY

JNANASAGARA CAMPUS, BALLARI-583105

# Department of Studies in Education SYLLABUS

**Master of Education** 

(III Semester)

With effect from 2021-22



# VIJAYANAGARA SRI KRISHNADEVARAYA UNIVERSITY



# **Department of Education**

Jnana Sagara, Ballari - 583105

Distribution of Courses/Papers in Postgraduate Programme I to IV Semester as per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Proposed for PG Programs

## III – SEMESTER

#### **Without Practical**

Semester	Category	ory Subject code	Title of the Paper	Marks		Teaching hours/week		Credit	Duration of exams		
			_	IA	SEE	Total	L	T	P		(Hrs)
	DSC11	21EDU3C11L	Pedagogies in Professional Education	30	70	100	4	-	1	4	3
	DSC12	21EDU3C12L	Teaching Outside the Classroom	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
	DSC13	21EDU3C13L	Statistics in Educational Research	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	3
		21EDU3E1LA	A. Digital Technology in Secondary and Higher Education	30		100	4	-	-	4	
THIRD	DSE1	21EDU3E1LB	B. Policies and Practices of Education in India		70						3
		21EDU3E1LC	C. Educational Entrepreneurship								
	DSE2	21EDU3E2LA	A. Learning Management System	30	70	100	4	-	-	4	
		21EDU3E2LB	B. System and Structures of Education in India								3
		21EDU3E2LC	C. Economics of Education								
	GEC1	21EDU3G1LA	A. Effective Teaching	20		50	2	-	-	2	
		21EDU3G1LB	B. Web Based Teaching		30						1
		21EDU3G1LC	C. MOOCs								
	SEC3	21 EDU3S3P	Internship*	50	-	50	-	-	4	2	**
	Total Marks for III Semester				600				24		

## DSC11: PEDAGOGIES IN PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION

Course Title: Pedagogies in Professional Education	Course code: 21EDU3C11L
Total Contact Hours: <b>56</b>	Course Credits: <b>04</b>
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hours
Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

## **Course Outcomes (CO's):**

## At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Know the meaning and concept of the term Pedagogy
CO-2:	Comprehend the difference between the terms Andragogy and Pedagogy
CO-3:	Understand the importance of Critical pedagogy in teaching & learning process.
CO-4:	Understand the meaning, concept and importance of Assessment,
CO-5:	Know about assessment process in different levels of school education
CO-6:	Know the distinction between Assessment for learning and assessment of learning
CO-7:	Find out the difference between Assessment, Testing, Measurement and Evaluation
CO-8:	Acquaint with CBCS System (Credit Based Choice System)

#### **DSC11: PEDAGOGIES IN PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION**

Unit	Description	Hours
1	CONCEPT & MEANING OF PEDAGOGY  1.1 Pedagogy :Concept, Meaning and Nature 1.2 Andragogy : Concept, Meaning and Nature 1.3 Difference between Pedagogy and Andragogy  1.4 Psychological, Philosophical and Sociological base of Pedagogy  1.5 Understanding Child Centered Pedagogy	12
2	<ul> <li>SELECTED PEDAGOGIES IN CLASSROOM</li> <li>2.1 Process of knowledge construction for development of concepts, understanding, logical reasoning, critical thinking and problem solving.</li> <li>2.2 Forms of learner's engagement</li> <li>2.3 Pedagogical Analysis of the subject content</li> <li>2.4Critical Pedagogy- critical analysis of the Pedagogy prescribed in the Educational thoughts of Paul Freire</li> </ul>	

	ACCECCMENT IN THE ACHINIC LEADANIC PROCESS		
3	ASSESSMENT IN TEACHING LEARNING PROCESS		
	3.1Concept and importance of Assessment		
	3.2.Difference between Assessment, Testing, Measurement and Evaluation		
	3.3 Importance of Assessment in Teaching Learning Process, Perspective on Assessment of Learning in a Constructivist Paradigm		
	3.4 Formal Assessment, Classroom Assessment Techniques(CAT)		
	3.5 Assessment of Teaching Proficiency, Criterion tool and Techniques.		
	TECHNIQUES OF ASSESSMENT		
	4.1 Self-Assessment by Students, by Teacher, Peer Assessment, Assessment of Teacher by Students		
4	4.2Distinction between Assessment for Learning and Assessment of Learning	10	
	4.3 School-Based Assessment, Comprehensive and Dynamic Assessment procedures		
	4.4Continuous & Comprehensive Evaluation: Perspectives and Practices		
	ASSESSMENT TOOLS AND ROLE OF FEEDBACK		
	5.1 Assessment tools and their characteristics, Constructions of Assessment tools		
5	5.2 Credit Based Choice System:-Concept, features and significance of CBCS, Assessment tools and their characteristics, construction of assessment tools, Advantages and disadvantages of CBCS	10	
	5.3 Types of Teacher Feedback (written comments, oral); Peer feedback, Place of marks, grades and qualitative descriptions		
	5.4 Using Assessment Feedback for Further Learning.		

Group discussions, lecture cum demonstration, panel discussions, surveys, critical reviews, report writing, presentations, seminars, projects, group discussions, peer teaching, content analysis, documentary analysis.

#### **REFLECTIVE PRACTICUM:**

- 1. Identify the learning difficulties of first generation learners
- 2. Analyze school as a social institution
- 3. Develop a self-assessment tool for students
- 4. Critically analyze a CCE report of any two students of secondary level and give suggestions
- 5. Prepare an instructional design of your own

- 6. Predominant pedagogical principles adopted by Teacher Education Institutions
- 7. Develop a model and evaluate

- 1. Aiken, L.R. &Groth-Marnat, G. (2009) Psychological testing and Assessment (Twelfth Edition) New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- 2. American Psychological Association. (2010). Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association. United States: American Psychological Association
- 3. Anastasi, A., & Urbina, S. (1997). Psychological Testing (7th Ed). New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- 4. Bhargava S.N. (2013) Child Development and Pedagogy, Pragun Publications
- 5. Bruner, J.C. (2006) in search of Pedagogy Vol J & N Rout ledge, London.
- 6. Chadha, N.K. (2009) Applied Psychometry New Delhi: Sage Publications
- 7. Cohen, R. J., &Swerdlik, M. E. (2014). Psychological Testing and Assessment, 8th Edition. New York: McGraw-Hill
- 8. Dewey J. (1966) The child and the Curriculum, The University of Chicago Press.
- 9. Friere Paulo (1993) Education for critical consciousness, New York, Continent
- 10. Gregory R. J. (2004) Psychological Testing History, Principles, and Applications (Fourth Edition), New Delhi: Pearson Education
- 11. Kaplan, R.M., &Saccuzzo, D.P. (2004). Psychological Testing: Principles, Applications and Issues. Wadsworth Publishing.
- 12. Shukla, C., Assessment And Evaluation In Higher Education
- 13. Singh, A.K. (1997) Tests, Measurement and Research Methods in Behavioural Sciences. (Second editon). Patna: BharathiBhawan Publishers and Distributor
- 14. Van Merrienboer, J.J.G. (1997). Training complex cognitive skills: A four-component instructional design model for technical training. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Educational Technology Publications.

#### DSC12: TEACHING OUTSIDE THE CLASSROOM

Course Title: Teaching Outside the Classroom	Course code: 21EDU3C12L
Total Contact Hours: <b>56</b>	Course Credits: <b>04</b>
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hours
Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

## **Course Outcomes (CO's):**

## At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Understand Concept & Nature of Teacher Centered, Learner Centered, and Group
	Controlled Teaching Outside The Classroom
CO-2:	Understand and different types of pedagogies use effectively in Teaching Outside the
	Classroom
CO-3:	Organize learning with active participation of learners individually and in groups
	Outside the Classroom
CO-4:	Analyze Challenges of Teaching Outside the Classroom
CO-5:	Know various General Strategies for Teaching Outside the Classroom

#### **DSC12: TEACHING OUTSIDE THE CLASSROOM**

Unit	Description	Hours
1	CONCEPT & MEANING OF TEACHING OUTSIDE THE CLASSROOM  1.1 Concept, Meaning and Nature of Teaching Outside the Classroom 1.2 importance of the outdoors in Teaching Outside the Classroom 1.3 Aim and Values of outdoor Teaching - Learning 1.4 Learning to learn Teaching Outside the Classroom 1.5 Outdoor Teaching - Learning present scenario 1.6 Role of a teacher in inside and outside the classroom	10
2	CONTEMPORARY OUTDOOR TEACHING - LEARNING  2.1 Recourses for outdoor Teaching – Learning  2.2 Purpose and vision for learning outside the classroom  2.3 Support learning outside the classroom  2.4 Potential barriers to support learning outside the classroom	12

	2.5 Learning across the curriculum					
	2.6 Innovative curriculum					
	2.7 Educational advantages of Learning Outside the classroom					
	POLICIES AND PRACTICES IN TEACHING OUTSIDE THE CLASSROOM					
	3.1 Impact of National Policies on Teaching Outside the Classroom					
	3.2 Formal and non-formal sectors in India					
3	3.3 Non-formal and informal education	12				
	3.4 Secondary schools and non-formal education					
	3.5 Cooperation between the formal and non-formal organizations in the Didactical approaches					
	3.7 Outdoor Learning Practices					
4	ASSOCIATED PEDAGOGIES IN TEACHING OUTSIDE THE CLASSROOM  4.1 learning extend outside the classroom 4.2 pedagogies in Teaching Outside the Classroom 4.3 Technology Outside (and Inside) the Classroom  4.4 General Strategies for Teaching Outside the Classroom  4.5 Additional Resources for Teaching Outside the Classroom  4.6 Challenges of Teaching Outside the Classroom  4.7 Educational importance of teaching outside the classroom	10				
5	<ul> <li>AREAS OF TEACHING OUTSIDE THE CLASSROOM</li> <li>5.1Teaching and learning outside the classroom: personal values, alternative pedagogies and standards</li> <li>5.2 Outdoor contexts for teaching and learning-Learning and enjoyment, Research context, Values associated with outdoor learning, Freedom and fun, Ownership and autonomy, Authenticity, Love of a rich sensory environment, Physicality, Child-initiated learning,</li> <li>5.3 Experiential opportunities, Affective elements, Tensions between the ideal and real, Extending learning, inquiry-based learning</li> <li>5.4 Transforming pedagogy Standards agenda, Adult attitude</li> </ul>	12				

Group discussions, lecture cum demonstration, panel discussions, surveys, critical reviews, report writing, presentations, seminars, projects, group discussions, peer teaching, content analysis, documentary analysis.

#### **REFLECTIVE PRACTICUM:**

- 1. Follow up activities do use the enthusiasm generated by the work outside the classroom.
- 2. Organize Field Trips for Teaching Outside the Classroom
- 3. Prepare an article on nature based teaching
- 4. Conduct group discussion on project based teaching
- 5. Identify Values associated with outdoor learning in the textbook
- 6. Choose a topic to develop inquiry-based learning

- 1. Bird, W. (2007) Natural thinking. A report for the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds, Investigating the links between the natural environment, biodiversity and mental health. [Online] Available at: <a href="http://www.rspb.org.uk/Images/naturalthinking\_tcm9-161856.pdf">http://www.rspb.org.uk/Images/naturalthinking\_tcm9-161856.pdf</a>
- 2. Bowler, D., Buyung-Ali, L., Knight, T. and Pullin, A.S. 2010 The importance of nature for health: is there a specific benefit of contact with green space? CEE review 08–003 (SR40). Environmental Evidence: <a href="https://www.environmentalevidence.org/SR40.html">www.environmentalevidence.org/SR40.html</a>
- 3. Chawla, L. and Flanders Cushing, D. (2007) Education for strategic environmental behaviour. Environmental Education Research, 13(4), pp. 437–52
- 4. Collado, S., Staats. H. and Corraliza, J. (2013) Experiencing nature in children's summer camps: Affective, cognitive and behavioural consequences. Journal of Environmental Psychology, 33, pp. 37–44
- 5. Cornell, J. (1989) Sharing Nature with Children II. Nevada: Dawn Publications Department of Education (2013) Science programmes of study: Key stages 1 and 2 National Curriculum in England. DFE-00182–2013 Department for Environment,
- 6. Duerden, M.D. and Witt, P.A. (2010) The impact of direct and indirect experiences on the development of environmental knowledge, attitudes, and behavior. Journal of Environmental Psychology, 30, pp. 379–92
- 7. Ernst, J. and Theimer, S. (2011) Evaluating the effects of environmental education programming on connectedness to nature. Environmental Education Research, 17(5), pp. 577–98
- 8. Food and Rural Affairs (2011) The natural choice: securing the value of nature. [Online] Availableat:https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/fi le/228842/8082.pdf Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs Committee Natural Environment White Paper Fourth Report of Session 2012–13, Volume I. Availableonlinefromhttp://www.publications.parliament.uk/pa/cm201213/cmselect/cme nvfru/492/492.pdf
- 9. Gove, M. (2014) Reaching into the outside. 10 future priorities for field studies and outdoor learning providers. Selected sections from the speech by Michael Gove MP, Secretary of State for EducationEducating for the 21st century, London: The Falmer Press.
- 10. Moss, S. (2012) Natural Childhood. National Trust UK. [Online] Available at: http://www.nation\_altrust.org.uk/document-1355766991839/ NAEE (2012) The new National Curriculum offers opportunities for LOtC. [Online] Available at: http://www.naee.org.uk/node/163
- 11. Ofsted (2008) Learning outside the classroom. How far should you go? Reference no: 070219 [Online] Available at: <a href="http://www.ofsted.gov.uk/resources/learning-outside-classroom">http://www.ofsted.gov.uk/resources/learning-outside-classroom</a>
- 12. Ofsted (2010) Transforming education outside the classroom: responses from the government and Ofsted to the Sixth Report of the Children, Schools and Families Committee, Session 2009–10. [Online] Available at: http://www.publications.parliament.uk/pa/cm201011/cmse lect/cmeduc/525/52504.htm
- 13. Ofsted (2013) Maintaining Curiosity: a survey into science in schools. Reference No:

- 130135. [Online] Available at: http://www.ofsted.gov.uk/resources/maintaining-curiosity-survey-science-education-schools
- 14. Okaty, J. (2012) The effectiveness of outdoor education on environmental learning, appreciation, and activism. FIU electronic theses and dissertations. Paper 791. http://digitalcommons.fiu.edu/etd/791
- 15. Perrin, J. and Benassi. V. (2009) The connectedness to nature scale: a measure of emotional connection to nature? Journal of Environmental Psychology, 29, pp. 434–40
- 16. RSPB (2010) Every child outdoors. Children need nature. Nature needs children. [Online] Available at: <a href="https://www.rspb.org.uk/childrenneednature">www.rspb.org.uk/childrenneednature</a>
- 17. Sigman, A. (2012) Time for a view on screen time. Archives of Disease in Childhood, 97(11), pp. 935–42
- 18. Valentine, G. and McKendrick, J. (1997) Children's outdoor play: exploring parental concerns about children's safety and the changing nature of childhood. Geoforum, 28(2), pp. 219–35
- 19. Waite, S. (2011) (ed.) Children Learning Outside the Classroom. From Birth to Eleven. London: Sage Wilson, E.O. (1984) Biophilia. The Human Bond with Other Species. Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press
- 20. Waite, S.J., V. Carrington, and R. Passy. 2005. Evaluation of excellence and enjoyment: Learning and teaching in the primary years, final report. University of Plymouth, unpublished report for Primary National Strategy.
- 21. Waite, S., and T. Rea. 2007. The joy of teaching and learning outside the classroom, chapter. In Joyful teaching and learning in the primary school, ed. D. Hayes, 52–62. Exeter, UK: Learning Matters.
- 22. Ward Thompson, C., P. Aspinall, S. Bell, and C. Findlay. 2005. 'It gets you away from everyday life'. Local woodlands and community use What makes a difference? Landscape Research 30, no. 1: 109–46.
- 23. Webb, R., and G. Vuillamy. 2007. Changing practice at Key Stage 2: The impact of New Labour's national strategies. Oxford Review of Education 33, no. 5: 561–80.
- 24. Woods, P., B. Jeffrey, G. Troman, and M. Boyle. 1997. Restructuring schools, reconstructing teachers: Responding to change in the primary school. Buckingham, UK: Open University Press.
- 25. Zembylas, M. 2007. Risks and pleasures: A Deleuzo-Guattarian pedagogy of desire in education. British Education Research Journal 33, no. 3: 331–48.

## **DSC13: STATISTICS IN EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH**

Course Title: Statistics in Educational Research	Course code: 21EDU3C13L
Total Contact Hours: 56	Course Credits: <b>04</b>
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hours
Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

## **Course Outcomes (CO's):**

## At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Understand basic concepts in statistics
CO-2:	Apply appropriate statistical techniques
CO-3:	Develop educational research and use relevant tools, techniques & procedures
CO-4:	Apply aspects of descriptive and inferential statistics
CO-5:	Write and evaluate research reports
CO-6:	Develop research aptitude among students

## DSC13: STATISTICS IN EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH

Unit	Description	Hours
Unit	<ul> <li>BASICS IN STATISTICS</li> <li>1.1.Descriptive Statistics and Inferential Statistics. Meaning of Parametric and Nonparametric tests.</li> <li>1.2. Concept of non-parametric statistics, Assumptions of non-parametric statistics.</li> <li>1.3. Concept of Normal Distribution, Meaning of Z-score, Characteristics of Normal distribution, Applications of Normal Distribution, Deviations from normality. Importance of NPC in Educational</li> </ul>	Hours
1	<ul> <li>Research.</li> <li>1.4. Test of significance, Steps of hypothesis testing, Errors in hypothesis testing. One-tailed and Two-tailed tests. Concept of level of Significance and degrees of freedom.</li> <li>1.5. Meaning and Concept of Correlation, Concept of Linear and Nonlinear relationship, Scatter diagram, Correlation Coefficients: Product moment Correlation, Rank Correlation, Testing the significance of correlation coefficient, Special correlation coefficients: Bi-serial Correlation, Point-Bi-serial, Tetra Choric</li> </ul>	10
	Correlation and Phi-Coefficient of Correlation. Importance and interpretation of Correlation Coefficient in Educational Research.	

2.2. 2 2.3. TES 3.1. 3.2. 3 3.3.4.	t-test: One sample t-test, Independent sample t-test, Paired samples t-test, use of t-test for large samples.  Concept of Analysis of Variance (ANOVA), one way ANOVA, two ways ANOVA. Analysis of two ways ANOVA with one observation per cell and more than one observation per cell. Concept of post-hoc analysis. Different types of post-hoc analysis.  One way analysis of variance in case of repeated measures observation.  STS OF SIGNIFICANCE-II  Concept of Partial correlation and multiple correlation.  Chi-square test: chi-square test as a test of goodness of fit, chi-square test as a test of independence  Median test, utility and application of median test, Sign test.  Mann-Whitney U test, utility and application of Mann-Whitney test in Educational research.	12
2 2.3.  TES 3.1. 3.2. 3 3.3. 4.	ways ANOVA. Analysis of two ways ANOVA with one observation per cell and more than one observation per cell. Concept of post-hoc analysis. Different types of post-hoc analysis.  One way analysis of variance in case of repeated measures observation.  STS OF SIGNIFICANCE-II  Concept of Partial correlation and multiple correlation.  Chi-square test: chi-square test as a test of goodness of fit, chi-square test as a test of independence  Median test, utility and application of median test, Sign test.  Mann-Whitney U test, utility and application of Mann-Whitney test	
3.1. 3.2. 3 3.3. 3.4.	observation.  STS OF SIGNIFICANCE-II  Concept of Partial correlation and multiple correlation.  Chi-square test: chi-square test as a test of goodness of fit, chi-square test as a test of independence  Median test, utility and application of median test, Sign test.  Mann-Whitney U test, utility and application of Mann-Whitney test	12
3.1. 3.2. 3 3.3. 3.4.	Concept of Partial correlation and multiple correlation.  Chi-square test: chi-square test as a test of goodness of fit, chi-square test as a test of independence  Median test, utility and application of median test, Sign test.  Mann-Whitney U test, utility and application of Mann-Whitney test	12
3.2. 3 3.3. 3.4.	Chi-square test: chi-square test as a test of goodness of fit, chi-square test as a test of independence  Median test, utility and application of median test, Sign test.  Mann-Whitney U test, utility and application of Mann-Whitney test	12
3 3.3. 3.4.	test as a test of independence  Median test, utility and application of median test, Sign test.  Mann-Whitney U test, utility and application of Mann-Whitney test	12
3.4.	Mann-Whitney U test, utility and application of Mann-Whitney test	
MU		
4.1	ULTIVARIATE DATA ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES	
4.1.	Concept of Multivariate data analysis, Characteristics of multivariate data analysis techniques.	
4.2.	Concept of Regression, Meaning of linear regression, concept of simple linear regression, importance and utility of simple regression in educational research.	12
4.3.	Concept of multiple Regression, concept of regression coefficient, interpretation of regression coefficient, importance and utility of regression in educational research.	
4.4.	Concept of factor analysis, utility and application of factor analysis.	
PR	EPARATION OF RESEARCH REPORT AND ITS CRITIQUE	
5.1.	General Guidelines: General rules for writing and typing, Format and style.	
5.2.	Types of Research reports: Ph.D. Thesis and dissertations, Journal Articles, paper Presented at Professional meetings.	10
5.3.	General evaluation Criteria: Abstract, Introduction, Methods, Sample, Statistics, Results, Discussions,.	
5.4.	Specific evaluation Criteria: Qualitative, Descriptive, Correlational, causal comparative and Experimental research	

Group discussions, lecture cum demonstration, panel discussions, surveys, critical writing presentations, seminars, projects, group discussions, peer teaching, content analysis, documentary analysis.

#### **REFLECTIVE PRACTICUM:**

- 1. Collect the APA format and review any one research article as per the Format.
- 2. Review any three research articles and write the statistical findings in each article.
- 3. Collect any five problems and critically reflect on the appropriateness of statistics used in it.
- 4. Review any three empirical articles or research studies and write the hypotheses and then reflect on the statistics.
- 5. Take any one Ph.D. Thesis and critically review & write about statistical procedures followed in it.
- 6. Take any two research articles or theses and write about the descriptive or inferential statistics used and their need for the study.

- 1. Best John W & James V Kahn (2008): Research in Education, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2. Bordensk.S. & Abbott B.B. (2011): Research Design & Methods. Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi
- 3. Garrett Henry E (1985): Statistics in Psychology and Education, Vakils, Feffer and Simons Ltd, Bombay.
- 4. Gay L R (1996): Educational Research Competencies for Analysis and Applications. Prentice Hall Inc. New Jersey.
- 5. Gupta S P (1996): Statistical Methods. Sultan Chand & Sons. New Delhi.
- 6. Kerlinger, F.N. (1986) Foundations of Behavioural Research (4th ed.) New York; Holt, Rinehart & Winston.
- 7. Kothari CR (2004): Research Methodology Methods & Techniques, New Age International Publications, New Delhi.
- 8. LokeshKoul (2002): Methodology of Educational Research. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 9. Majhi P.R. &Khatua P.K. (2013): Research Methodology (Concepts, Methods, Techniques and SPSS Text Cases). Himalaya Publishing House. Mumbai.
- 10. Mangal S K (2002): Statistics in Psychology and Education. Prentice Hall India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi
- 11. Ram Ahuja (2001): Research Methods, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.

## DSE1: A. DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY IN SECONDARY AND HIGHER EDUCATION

Course Title: A. Digital Technology in Secondary and Higher Education	Course code: 21 EDU3E1LA
Total Contact Hours: <b>56</b>	Course Credits: <b>04</b>
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hours
Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

## **Course Outcomes (CO's):**

#### At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Efficiently use ICT tools, software applications and digital resources in day to day	
	teaching – learning situations.	
CO-2:	Use ICT to make classroom processes more inclusive and address the issue of	
	diverse learning abilities.	
CO-3:	Utilize and generate their own digital resources in classrooms.	
CO-4:	Contribute and actively engage in the activities of teachers' networks.	
CO-5:	Develop the ability to select and critically evaluate ICT resources.	
CO-6:	Assimilate innovative ICT techniques in the curriculum for fostering significant	
	changes in the processes of instruction and learning.	
CO-7:	Develop the digital knowledge resources of the educational institution further and	
	organize them fittingly on the cyberspace.	
CO-8:	Recognize how to fully make use of the potentials of a virtual classroom	
	environment.	
CO-9:	Create an awareness regarding the availability of open source software that could	
	be successfully integrated into the curriculum.	
CO-10:	Develop a well-articulated perspective on ICTs in education formulated by personal	
	experience and critical examination of resources, curriculum, and educational	
	practice.	
CO-11:	Practice safe and ethical usage of ICT and be aware of the legal ramifications of	
	inappropriate use.	

## DSE1:A. DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY IN SECONDARY AND HIGHER EDUCATION

Unit	Description	Hours
	POTENTIALS OF ICT IN EDUCATION  1.1 ICT as a means to connect with the world – The global learner scenario Pedagogy and ICT.	
1	1.2 Potentials of using ICT in class room— Creating Personal learning environments	10
	1.3 Approaches to ICT - Integrate, Enhancement and Complementary; Approaches to ICT Integration in Teacher Education- ICT skills	

	development approach, ICT pedagogy approach, Subject-specific approach, Practice driven approach		
	1.4 ICT integrated Inclusive education - Assistive and Adaptive technologies to augment physical and cognitive abilities		
	1.5 National Policy on ICT in School Education (2012)-ICT competencies		
	ICT PRODUCTIVITY TOOLS		
	2.1 Productivity Tools –Google docs – Spreadsheets – Presentations - Digital Animation – Blender, Open Shot - Photo and video editing software		
2	2.2 Constructivist Learning Tools: Mind tools, Brainstorming software- Concept Mapping tools – Canva and Mind meister	12	
	2.3 New gen Web Browsers and Search Tools – Project Spartan – Element Broswer– Dogpile		
	ICT FOR CURRICULUM TRANSACTION		
	3.1 Considerations for integrating ICT - Animations, Simulations, Digital Stories, Photo Essays		
	3.2 Using appropriate hardware (Projectors, Interactive Whiteboards/Smart boards)		
	3.3. Criteria for selecting ICT Resources – Accuracy, Credibility, Coverage, Objectivity, Appropriateness and Copyrights		
3	3.4 Commercial or Licensed ICT Resources – Reference Sites, Professional group sites, National and International Portals NROER- FUSE – Find Use Share Educate	12	
	3.5 Custom development of resources – User Generated Content (UGC) - Types		
	3.6 Multimedia design-steps and pedagogical applications		
	3.7 e-content -Design and Development -ADDIE model- UGC Guidelines for e-content development		
	INTERNET RESOURCES FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING .		
	4.1 The Internet and ICT environments – Need for Green ICTs.		
	4.2 Web-based learning objects, Online Games, Web quests.	10	
4	4.3 Interactive Web 2.0 applications- Social Networking Services- Email, Forums, Blogs Social media sites- Facebook, WhatsApp, Instagram, Twitter-Video sharing sites YouTube- Web applications- Wikis	12	

	4.4 Emergence of Web 3.0 and Web 4.0 Technologies	
	4.5 E-resources-e-books, e-journals, e-databases- Digital library, J-Stor	
	4.6 Virtual learning Environment- Content Management System and Learning Management System - Virtual Field Trips	
	4.7 Online Courses-NPTEL (National Programme on Technology Enhanced Learning), SWAYAM, MOOCS and Course and Online tutoring-Designing e-tivities	
	ICT FOR ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION	
5	5.1 Scope of ICT for evaluation- Computer Assisted Assessment (CAA), Computer Adaptive Testing(CAT)	
	5.2 Software tools for evaluation - Steele's Model of Intentional Use of Technology- Digital rubrics, e-portfolios	
	5.3 Online assessment-criteria, norms and standards-Constructing tests / quizzes using ICT	10
	5.4 Using ICT to process data, analyze results and track students achievement	
	5.5 Online Survey Tools –Survey Monkey – Training Check	

Group discussions, lecture cum demonstration, panel discussions, surveys, critical reviews, report writing, presentations, seminars, projects, group discussions, peer teaching, content analysis, documentary analysis, debate, brain storming, buzz session, small group discussions, simulation, e- resources, study circle

#### **REFLECTIVE PRACTICUM:**

- Prepare edublog in your subject.
- Prepare a video blog of class presentations.
- Develop a lesson format using webquest.
- > Create interactive games and quizzes online
- > Develop an online evaluation form.
- Design & develop e-content on ADDIE model.

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#### DSE1: B. POLICIES AND PRACTICES OF EDUCATION IN INDIA

Course Title: B. Policies and Practices of Education in India	Course code: 21EDU3E1LB
Total Contact Hours: 56	Course Credits: <b>04</b>
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hours
Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

# **Course Outcomes (CO's):**

## At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Understand meaning, concept, need and scope of Teacher Education	
CO-2:	Develop an idea about the structure of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education	
	in India.	
CO-3:	Critically examine the programmes of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education	
CO-4:	Analyze the concept of Universalization of Secondary and Higher Secondary	
	Education.	
CO-5:	Develop an Understanding about the Quality and Concerns in Secondary and	
	Higher Secondary Education	
CO-6:	Analyze the Recommendations Made by Various Committees and Commissions	

## DSE1: B. POLICIES AND PRACTICES OF EDUCATION IN INDIA

Unit	Description	Hours
1	BASICS IN TEACHER EDUCATION  1.1 Meaning and Nature of Teacher Education 1.2 Need, Scope and Objectives of Teacher Education 1.3 Changing Context of Teacher Education in the Indian Scenario 1.4 Impact of National Policies on Teacher Education 1.5 Perspectives for Equitable and Sustainable Development	10
	1.6 Changing Context of Teacher Education in the Global Scenario	

	SECONDARY AND HIGHER SECONDARY EDUCATION	
	2.1 Concept, Meaning, Need, Scope and Objectives of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education	
	2.2 A Brief Review of Historical Perspective of Development for Secondary Education : Ancient, Medieval and British Period	
2	2.3 Historical Background of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education in India with Special Reference to the Recommendations Made by Various Committees and Commissions - Kothari Commission (1964-66), Ishwari Bhai Patel Committee, National Policy on Education (1986,1992,2020), Ramamurthy Committee, Yashpal Committee, Recent Recommendations in Secondary Education.	14
	CERTICIPINE OF CECONDARY AND HIGHER CECONDARY	
3	<ul> <li>STRUCTURE OF SECONDARY AND HIGHER SECONDARY EDUCATION</li> <li>3.1 Structure of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education in India (Central and State Level)</li> <li>3.2 Vision and Mission of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education</li> <li>3.3.Decentralization of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education</li> <li>3.4 Constitutional Provisions, Right to Education and its Implications</li> <li>3.5 Quality Assurance in Secondary and Higher Secondary Education, Women Empowerment as Support Services</li> <li>3.6 Universalization of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education(UEE)-Universal Access, Universal Retention and Universal Achievement</li> <li>3.7 Major Schemes and Programmes for Secondary and Higher Secondary Education, RMSA, SSA and other Programmes</li> <li>3.8 Responsibility between the Union Government and the States</li> </ul>	14
4	QUALITY AND CONCERNS IN SECONDARY AND HIGHER SECONDARY EDUCATION  4.1 Concepts, Indicators of Quality, Setting Standards for Performance  4.2 Present status of quality education in India (status and prospects)— Delor's Commission Report regarding quality-Professional enrichment of secondary teachers (different in-service programmes for ensuring quality, - MHRD, UGC, SCERT, NCERT, CIET, NUEPA, IASE, NAAC etc  4.3 School Effectiveness, Classroom Climate and Teacher Attributes,	10

	Rewards and Punishment/Order and Discipline, Law and Order in the Society and its Effect on School	
	QUALITY TEACHING IN HIGHER EDUCATION: POLICIES AND PRACTICES	
	5.1 Raising Awareness of Quality Teaching	
	5.2 Developing Teaching Excellence in Teachers	
5	5.3 Building Organization for Change and Teaching Leaders	08
	5.4 Aligning Institutional Policies to Foster Quality Teaching	
	5.5 Highlighting Innovation as a Driver for Change	
	5.6 Engaging Student with Best Innovative Practices	

Group discussions, lecture cum demonstration, panel discussions, surveys, critical reviews, report writing, presentations, seminars, projects, group discussions, peer teaching, content analysis, documentary analysis.

#### **REFLECTIVE PRACTICUM:**

- 1 Conduct a play in school to generate awareness among students & teachers on Child Right.
- 2. Case study of a school or some innovative practice under SSA
- 3. Preparation of research design on a theme, discipline and RTE act. 2009
- 4. Students will be required to critically analyse any one of the following reports: Annual Status of Education Report (ASER); Achievement surveys; PROBE; Global Monitoring; Report of UNESCO
- 5. Visit a school for reporting on access, and enrolment/ retentions of girl students and give suggestions for improvement.
- 6. Critical Analysis of Research Studies on programs and policies related to Vision and Mission of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education

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- 15. White,R.(2001)There volition in research on science teaching. InVirginia Richardson (Ed.)*Hand book of Research on Teaching* (4thEdition),American Educational Research Association, Washington, D.C.
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## DSE1: C. EDUCATIONAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Course Title: C. Educational Entrepreneurship	Course code: 21EDU3E1LC
Total Contact Hours: 56	Course Credits: <b>04</b>
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hour
Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

## **Course Outcomes (COs):**

# At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Understand the concept of entrepreneurship and opportunities for Education in		
CO-2:	Establish and efficiently manage non-governmental organizations in the field of		
	Education.		
CO-3:	Understand the schemes and programmes for promotion of the culture of		
	Entrepreneurship in India.		
CO-4:	Undertake entrepreneurship projects in the field of Education.		
CO-5:	Gain knowledge and understand about the meaning and importance of globalization,		
	liberalization and privatization		
CO-6:	Understand the Importance of Education on Globalization.		
CO-7:	List the salient features of Globalization affecting Teacher Education.		

## DSE1: C. EDUCATIONAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Unit	Description	Hours
1	INTRODUCTION TO ENTREPRENEURSHIP  1.1 Concept, Meaning and Definitions of Entrepreneurship  1.2 Nature and Importance of Entrepreneurship  1.3 Significance of Entrepreneurship  1.4 Role of entrepreneurship in development.  1.5 Type of entrepreneurship.	10
2	ESSENTIAL SKILLS OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP  2.1Teachers as facilitators of learning: Mentorship Programs  2.2Continuing Professional Development: Engaging the Local Enterprise,	12

	Community, role of the school and local community.	
	2.3 Problems of entrepreneurship.	
3	METHODS AND MEDIA FOR TEACHING OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP	
	3.1Methods of Teaching Entrepreneurship Education	
	3.2 Classifications of Methods :Project Method, Group Discussion Method, Lab Method, Heuristic Method, Survey Method, Service Learning Method, Question Method	12
	3.3.Media for Teaching of Entrepreneurship – Need for Media for Teaching, Classifications of Media –Electronic Media and Digital Media,	
	INTEGRATION OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN SCHOOL SUBJECTS	
	4.1 Teach ability of entrepreneurship.	
	4.2 Role of school in teaching entrepreneurship.	
	4.3 Integration of entrepreneurship in school subjects.	
	4.3.1 Entrepreneurship and Language subjects.	
4	4.3.2 Entrepreneurship and Science.	12
	4.3.3 Entrepreneurship and Social Science.	
	4.3.4 Entrepreneurship and Mathematics.	
	4.3.5 Entrepreneurship and Art Education.	
	4.4 Benefits of Entrepreneurship Education.	
	GLOBALIZATION AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN EDUCATION	
5	5.1 Meaning and importance Globalization, Liberalization and Privatization	
	5.2 Historical perspectives in Globalization	10
	5.3 Globalization and the changing society	
	5.4 Globalization -The commercialization of Knowledge and higher Education	

Group discussions, lecture cum demonstration, panel discussions, surveys, critical reviews,

report writing, presentations, seminars, projects, group discussions, peer teaching, content analysis, documentary analysis.

#### **REFLECTIVE PRACTICUM:**

- 1. Visit some success schools & interview the heads of the institutions on their planning & execution of the programme.
- 2. Visit some residential, Social welfare & Tribal welfare schools and interview the heads of the institution about the programme implementation
- 3. Critically review the Education Acts Code of different States and reflect.
- 4. Visits to Educational Entrepreneurship Centers such as Azim Premaji Foundation, INFOSYS Foundation, Deshpande Foundation, Akshar Foundation etc..
- 5. If you are given a chance to open your school Narrate your ideologies.
- 6. Prepare a proposal to start your own school following State Government Rules.
- 7. Prepare guidelines for a Successful Mentor.
- 8. Write your strategies to mobilize community children to your school. Suggest various modes of publicity for the Institutional enrolment.
- 9. Prepare brochures, pamphlets, websites, newspaper advertisements, wall posters, flexi banners, mouth to mouth canvassing, rallies, mobile canvassing, mobile technology, social media, and social networks.
- 10. College is free to suggest any other Related Entrepreneurship centre.
- 11. Project Report writing

- 1. Agra Psychological Research Cell, TewariKothi, Belaganj, Agra —.2822004 Email: vivekpre@rediffmail.com
- 2. Berna J.J., Industrial Entrepreneurship in Madras State. Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1960.
- 3. Buame, S, (2000) Entrepreneurial and Innovative Management, School of Administration.
- 4. Dwomo-Fokuo, E. (2003) Entrepreneurship Theory And Practice, Kumasi Polytechnic. Hisrich, R.D., Peters, M.P. (1995) Entrepreneurship Starting, Developing And Managing A New Enterprise, 3rd edition, Richard Dirwin Inc.
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- 7. Government of India, Report of the committee on Development of Small and Medium Entrepreneurs. Ministry of Industrial Development, New Delhi, Oct.1973

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- 9. Jose Paul and N, Ajithkumar, Entrepreneurship and Management, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 2000.
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- 12. Kilby, Peter, (Ed)., Entrepreneurship and Economic Development, NewYork, The free press, 1971.
- 13. Manasayan, Agarwal Complex, first Floor, S-524 school block, Shakarpur, Delhi --410092 Email: jmojha@delz.vsnl.net.in
- 14. National Psychological Corporation, BhargawaBhawn, 4/230, KacheriGhat, Agra—2 282004,

## **DSE2: A.LEARNING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

Course Title: A. Learning Management System	Course code: 21EDU3E2LA
Total Contact Hours: 56	Course Credits: <b>04</b>
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hours
Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

## **Course Outcomes (COs):**

# At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Plan the requirements of educational institutions in relation to LMS, and install and
	configure Moodle in a standalone/networked environment.
CO-2:	Create users, courses and provide permissions for the users in Moodle.
CO-3:	Utilize the resources and activities option of Moodle for teaching-learning.
CO-4:	Create, manage and grade the Quiz and other activities for assessment
CO-5:	Administer the advanced features of Moodle.

#### **DSE2: A.LEARNING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

Unit	Description	Hours
	INSTALLATION  1.1 Meaning of LMS, CMS and LCMS – LMS	
1	1.2 Purpose, functions and Tools – Moodle	12
1	1.3 History and Educational Philosophy – Moodle Prerequisites:	12
	1.4 Hardware and Software Requirements – Installation of AMP (Apache, MySQL, PHP)	
	1.5Installation of Moodle – Updating Moodle – Moodle Themes.	
2	COURSES, USERS AND ROLES  2.1 File Management – Overview of Courses, Users and Roles  2.2 Course Management: Course Categories, Creating Courses  2.3 User Management: User Profiles, Cohorts – Enrolment of Users in Courses.	10
2	RESOURCES, ACTIVITIES AND ASSESSMENT	12
3	3.1 Text Editors - Resources - Assignments - Chat - Messaging -	12

	Discussion Forums – Workshop – Lessons – External Tool –SCORM –	
	Wikis - Blogs - Tags - Database - Glossary - Survey - Choices -	
	Feedback	
	3.2 Quiz: Creating Quiz, Building Question Bank, Managing Quizzes,	
	Quiz Security and Capabilities – Grading: Interfaces, Categories,	
	Calculations, Importing, Exporting.	
	ADMINISTRATION AND CONTEMPORARY ISSUES	
	TIDIMINISTRATION TRADECTOR CONTENT OF THE TOTAL CONTENT OF THE CON	
	4.1 Managing Permissions: Roles and Capabilities – Plugins –	
	Configuration:	
	42 Leveline Condensed Condensed Condensed Condensed Description	10
4	4.2 Localization, Grades and Gradebook Settings – Logging and Reporting	12
	- Security and Privacy - Performance and Optimization - Backup and	
	Restore – Web Services for External Systems	
	4.3 Overcoming Limitations of Moodle–Future Challenges of LMS.	
	LEARNING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND EDUCATION	
	5.1 Role of LMS in Education	
	5.2 Towards Enhanced LMS to Support Student Learning	
5	5.3 LMS to Foster an Online Learning Environment	10
	5.4 LMS Technological Resource to Support Learners Online	
	5.5 LMS Resources Impact Teaching and Learning- Student Response	
	Resources	
	5.6 LMS Personalization	

Group discussions, lecture cum demonstration, panel discussions, surveys, critical reviews, report writing, presentations, seminars, projects, group discussions, peer teaching, content analysis, documentary analysis.

#### **REFLECTIVE PRACTICUM:**

- 1. Organizing and Presenting Digital Content through an LMS
- 2. LMS tools foster communication with students and parents outside of the classroom
- 3. Choosing a Learning Management System in a subject
- 4. Create LMS platform supports a community of learners working together to build

knowledge.

- 5. LMS tools foster student collaboration on group projects.
- 6. Review of Learning Management Systems
- 7. Application of Current Standards with LMS
- 8. Impact of Current Standards on the LMS Predominant pedagogical principles adopted by Teacher Education Institutions
- 9. Develop a Moodle and evaluate

- 1. ASTD (2009). Field Guide to learning Management Systems, Retrieved from the WWW at http://www.astd.org/LC/LMSfieldguide.htm (accessed 0n 12/09/2009)
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## DSE2: B. SYSTEM AND STRUCTURES OF EDUCATION IN INDIA

Course Title: B. System and Structures of Education in India	Course code: 21EDU3E2LB
Total Contact Hours: 56	Course Credits: 04
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hours
Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

## **Course Outcomes (COs):**

## At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Understand the status of secondary and higher secondary education in India
CO-2:	Analyze the issues of secondary and higher secondary education in different
	aspects
CO-3:	Interpret the outcome of different programmes in different levels.
CO-4:	Examine condition of teacher education programmes in secondary and higher secondary level.
CO-5:	Investigate the emerging needs of teacher education programme at secondary and higher secondary level.
CO-6:	Develop philosophical, sociological and psychological perspective on Secondary
	Education
CO-7:	Develop critical understanding about current status of Secondary education in India
CO-8:	Understand organizational structure and functions of institutions in administration and management of Secondary education at various levels
CO-9:	Analyze the role of various organizations, institutions and agencies in Secondary
	Education
CO-10:	Develop perspective on transition from elementary education to secondary
	education
CO-11:	Understand the functioning of various student support services at Secondary Level
CO-12:	Develop critical understanding about issues and challenges in secondary education

## DSE2: B. SYSTEM AND STRUCTURES OF EDUCATION IN INDIA

Unit	Description	
	INTRODUCTION TO SECONDARY AND HIGHER SECONDARY	
	EDUCATION	
1		12
	a. Concept, Need, Aims and Objectives of Secondary and Higher	12
	Secondary Education	
	b. Growth and Development of Secondary and Higher Secondary	

	<ul> <li>Education</li> <li>c. Status of Secondary and Higher Secondary Education in India</li> <li>d. Universalization of Secondary Education Norms for Secondary and Higher Secondary Schools</li> <li>e. Structure, Approaches and Strategies for Secondary and Higher Secondary Education Secondary Education in 5 year Plans</li> <li>f. Policy perspectives in decentralization of administration and management of secondary and senior secondary education- Local Bodies</li> <li>g. Administration responsibility of different levels of central and state government; types of schools, Regulation of private school; matching supply-demand aspect of secondary education.</li> <li>h. CABE Committee on Universalization of Secondary Education</li> </ul>	
	recommendation	
	ORGANISATIONS, INSTITUTIONS AND AGENCIES IN SECONDARY EDUCATION  2.1 National level Organizations and Institutions in administration and management of secondary education-Ministry of Human Resource	
	Development (CABE, CBSE, ICSE, NUEPA, NCERT (NIE, CIET, PSSCIVE & RIE, NIOS); - Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment (RCI and National Institutes); Ministry of Tribal Affairs; Ministry of Minority Affairs	
2	2.2 State level Organizations and Institutions in administration and management of secondary— education - State departments of education, Directorates and Secretariats, State Boards of School Education, - SCERT / SIE, State Institute of Educational Technology (SIET), - State Institute of Educational Management and Training (SIEMAT)	12
	2.3 District and sub district levels Organizations and Institutions in administration and— management of secondary education - District Education Office, - Block Education Office, - Department of Public Instruction, - SMC (School Management Committee), PTA (Parent Teacher Association)	
	2.4 International Agencies – Important UN Organisations - UNICEF, UNESCO, WHO, IBE NGOs, Civil Society and Advocacy groups – focus areas, importance and functions	
	CONCERNS AND STATUS OF SECONDARY EDUCATION	12
3	3.1 National Scenario in terms of access, enrolment, retention, – dropout, and out of school children	
	3.2 Status of Infrastructural facilities- classrooms, library, Separate toilets	

	for boys and girls, Kitchen sheds	
	<ul><li>3.3 Status of Secondary school teachers in terms of qualification and professional training—teachers.</li></ul>	
	3.4 Status of Access, Enrolment and Retention at Secondary and Higher Secondary Level- Gender differences, Social Status, Poverty, Quality Improvement in Schools.	
	ISSUES RELATING TO SECONDARY AND HIGHER SECONDARY LEVEL	
	4.1 Issues relating to drop out of students at Secondary and Higher Secondary Level	
	4.2 Equity, Equality and Social Justice in Secondary and Higher Secondary Education	
0.4	4.3 Programmes and Strategies of Government of India implemented since independence to improve access, enrolment, retention and quality of Secondary education	10
04	4.4 Objectives, levels and structures of Teacher Education Programme at Secondary and Higher Secondary Level	10
	4.5 Issues and Concerns of Pre-Service and In-Service Teacher Education at Secondary and Higher Secondary Education	
	4.6 Role of NCTE and RCI in Secondary and Higher Secondary Teacher Education Programme	
	PROGRAMMES AND IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES OF SECONDARY EDUCATION	
05	5.1Programmes and Strategies of Government of India implemented since independence toimprove access, enrolment, retention and quality of Secondary education	10
	5.2 RMSA for achieving Universalization of Secondary Education programmes and strategies, its impact on quality enhancement	10
	5.3 National Vocational Education Qualification Framework (NVEQF)	
	5.4 Role of authority and civil society groups in programme	

implementation

5.5 Centrally sponsored schemes and state projects and programmes the changes it brought insecondary education

#### MODE OF TRANSACTION:

Group discussions, lecture cum demonstration, panel discussions, surveys, critical reviews, report writing, presentations, seminars, projects, group discussions, peer teaching, content analysis, documentary analysis.

#### **REFLECTIVE PRACTICUM:**

- 1. Book review of any latest text book or reference book related to the course (covering the main content, focus, relevance in relation to the existing field of knowledge and its usefulness)
- 2. Analyse the All India Education Survey Report through the indicators and interpret the results
- 3. Visit a secondary/higher secondary school and investigate the quality of the school based on the recommended norms
- 4. Survey on enrolment, drop out and retention rate of the secondary/higher secondary school at the local area.
- 5. Analysis of the social aspects of girl's education at secondary/higher secondary through survey or interviews.
- 6. Preparation of a status report on Secondary education in a district with reference to access, enrolment, participation and learning achievement
- 7. Group work and presentation on innovative assessment technique
- 8. Preparation of a report on the existing status of the teachers, method of recruitment and salary structure
- 9. Survey of secondary schools on the chosen area on the causes of under achievement and suggest measures to improve
- 10. Conducting an interview with teachers/students/parents of different schools and preparation of a report on problems of secondary education.
- 11. View films / videos on issues related to secondary education (Stand and deliver, India

untouched, darker side of India, videos on talks of Abdul Kalam, and many other who speak for education)

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- 2. Aggarwal, J.C. (2004) Development of Education System in India. New Delhi: Shipra.
- 3. Aggarwal, J.C. (2005). Recent developments and trends in education. New Delhi : Shipra
- 4. Child Rights Convention UNICEF 2000
- 5. Chopra, R.K. (1993). Status of Teachers in India, New Delhi: NCERT
- 6. Committee on the Impact of the Changing Economy on the Education System, National Research Council. (). The Knowledge Economy and Postsecondary Education.
- 7. Coombs P.H. (1985): World Crisis in Education: The View Form Eighties, Oxford University Press. New York.
- 8. Education for All (1993): The Indian Scene, New Delhi, Department of Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India
- 9. Chopra, R.K.(1993) Status of Teachers in India, NCERT, New Delhi. Govt. of India (1953) Report of Secondary Education Commission, New Delhi.
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- 11. Foure E. and others: Learning to be UNESCO, Delhi, Sterling Publishers, 1973.
- 12. Govt. of India (1966) Indian Education Commission (1964-66) Report. New Delhi.
- 13. Govt. of India (1986/1992) National Policy of Education, 1992, Modification and their POA's MHRD, Dept. of Education.
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- 15. Govt. of India (2005). National Plan of Action for Children, 2005: Department of Women and Child Development, New Delhi

- 16. Gupta, V.K and Gupta, Ankur (2005): Development of Education System in India. Vinod Publication, Ludhiana.
- 17. Gupta, V.K. (2003). Development of Education System in India, Ludhiana: Vinod publications
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- 19. Jayapalan, N.( 2002): Problems of Indian Education. H.B. Bhargava Publications, Delhi.
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## **DSE2: C. ECONOMICS OF EDUCATION**

Course Title: <b>DSE2: C. Economics of Education</b>	Course code: 21EDU3E2LC
Total Contact Hours: 56	Course Credits: <b>04</b>
Formative Assessment Marks: 30	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3 Hours
Summative Assessment Marks: 70	

# **Course Outcomes (COs):**

## At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Develop importance of Economics in the field of education
CO-2:	Understand education on consumption and instrument activities
CO-3:	Compare cost of education its role in individual and Human development
CO-4:	Analyze Internal efficiency of the systems of education
CO-5:	Examine modern development in economics of Education
CO-6:	Understand educational policy management planning and Finance.
CO-7:	Understand new educational reforms adopted in India and their capability in the field
	of education

## **DSE2: C. ECONOMICS OF EDUCATION**

Unit	Description	Hours
1	<ul> <li>INTRODUCTION TO ECONOMICS OF EDUCATION</li> <li>1.1 Concept and scope of economics of education Interdependence of Economics and education</li> <li>1.2. Education as Human capital, critique on the concept of Human capital</li> <li>1.3. Concept of Micro and Macro Economics of Education</li> <li>1.4. Brief historical perspective of economics of education</li> <li>1.5. Critical understanding of the concept of Political economy</li> </ul>	12
2	COSTS AND BENEFITS OF EDUCATION  2.1. Principles of Economic costs and Benefits  2.2. Factors related to educational costs	10

2.4. Concept of Rate of returns to education  2.5. Problems in the assessment of costs and benefits in education  ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND EFFICIENCY IN EDUCATION  3.1. Concept and Success of economic growth  3.2. Contemporary perspectives on Human Development  3.3. Input – Output relationships and Internal and External Efficiency in Education.  3.4. Educational Efficiency in Education  3.5. Brief concepts and measurements of National Income  ECONOMIC REFORMS AND EDUCATION  4.1. Standard of living schooling and Education  4.2. Modernization of education relationship between Market and education, Human Development Index  4.3. Privatization of education – public and private partnership in education  4.4. Globalization of Education; Role of International Institutions, IMF,	12
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND EFFICIENCY IN EDUCATION  3.1. Concept and Success of economic growth  3.2. Contemporary perspectives on Human Development  3.3. Input – Output relationships and Internal and External Efficiency in Education.  3.4. Educational Efficiency in Education  3.5. Brief concepts and measurements of National Income  ECONOMIC REFORMS AND EDUCATION  4.1. Standard of living schooling and Education  4.2. Modernization of education relationship between Market and education, Human Development Index  4.3. Privatization of education – public and private partnership in education	12
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education, Human Development Index  4.3. Privatization of education – public and private partnership in education	
education	
4.4. Globalization of Education: Role of International Institutions. IMF.	12
WB & WTO	
4.5. Liberalization of Educational policies a critical appraisal	
THEORY AND PRACTICE OF FINANCING EDUCATION	
5.1. Sources of financing Education in India (a) Public funding (b) Fees (c) Student hours / fellowships (d) Educational Cess (e)Educational Aid	
5.2. Budgeting – control of funds Grants in aid – Policy at National and State Level 5.3. Plan and Non- Plan expenditure – Role of Different Planning and Finance commission	12
5.4. Intersection allocation of education	
5.5. Mobilization of Resources for Education	

Group discussions, lecture cum demonstration, panel discussions, surveys, critical reviews, report writing, presentations, seminars, projects, group discussions, peer teaching, content analysis, documentary analysis.

#### **REFLECTIVE PRACTICUM:**

- 1. Reviewing of Doordarshan Broad castes on Budget Analysis Proceedings
- 2. Collection of Material related to Budget allocation, and satisfaction of both State and Central Government
- 3. Study of School Budget.
- 4. Collecting Budget proposals of Private & Public educational institutions & reviewing the mode of allocation and expenditure
- 5. Reviewing State Fee reimbursement policy and its challenges to Private & Public institutions financial status.
- 6. Reviewing of the last five Five Year Plans (FYPs) and reflecting on Budget allocation to Education Sector for different levels.
- 7. Review Karnataka State budget for this year &compare it with earlier Andhra Pradesh Budget & reflect on allocation to Education.
- 8. Interview some eminent persons at State, Institutions, Public & Private institutions, Chartered Accountants and write a report on judicious budgetary procedures.

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- 10 Mathur, S. S: Educational Administration Principles and Practices, Krishna Brothers, Jullundar.
- 11.Panchamukhi: Research in Economics of Education, Fifth Survey of Educational Research 1988-92: Trend Reports Vol1, New Delhi, NCERT,
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### **GEC1: A. EFFECTIVE TEACHING**

Course Title: GEC1: A. Effective Teaching	Course code: 21EDU3G1LA
Total Contact Hours: 26	Course Credits: <b>02</b>
Formative Assessment Marks: 20	Duration of ESA/Exam: 1 Hours
Summative Assessment Marks: 30	

## **Course Outcomes (COs):**

## At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Acquire a working knowledge of Effective teaching
CO-2:	Define and provide an overview of the Society and Effective teaching
CO-3:	Identify the Role of a teacher at the different levels
CO-4:	Compare the type of teaching models
CO-5:	Identify and compare Basic Teaching Skills
CO-6:	Analyze the 5 phases of Effective teaching
CO-7:	Understand the Role ICT in Teaching-Learning process

## **GEC1: A. EFFECTIVE TEACHING**

Unit	Description	Hours
1	INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE TEACHING  1.1 Meaning Nature, definition, scope and importance of Effective teaching  1.2Types of Effective teaching, Levels of Effective teaching  and Maxims of Effective teaching  1.3 Society and Effective teaching, Research in Effective teaching, Modern trends in Effective teaching, Creativity and Effective teaching  1.4 Teaching Skill and Method: Skills based approach to teaching. Methods of teaching, lecture method project method and discussion method.  1.5 Factors influencing Effective teaching process	10
2	MODELS OF TEACHING	08

Γ		2.1 Meaning, Definition of teaching model, Assumptions, Importance,	
		2.11vicaning, Definition of Caching model, Assumptions, importance,	
		2.2 Role and type of teaching models.	
		2.3 Historical teaching model, Philosophical model of teaching and	
		teaching models for teacher education	
		2.4 5E model for Effective teaching.	
		2.5 NEP-2020: Role of a teacher at the different levels	
F		TEACHING SKILLS AND INNOVATIVE STRATEGIES	
		3.1 Basic Teaching Skills: Questioning, explanation, illustration with	
		examples, stimulus variation and reinforcement	
		1 /	
		3.2. 21st Century Skills: Critical thinking, creativity, collaboration,	
		communication & flexibility	
	3	3.3.Innovative Strategies- Flipped classroom, peer tutoring, and	08
		collaborative learning	
		3.4 Role ICT in Teaching-Learning process - Use of ICT in teaching-	
		learning process, Online teaching platforms: Google Classroom, LMS,	
		SWAYAM, Diksha, Virtual Labs, Blended models of learning, Online	
		assessment and examination	
		assessment and examination	
L			

#### **MODE OF TRANSACTION:**

The content of the course would be transacted through Lecture cum Discussion, Group & Panel Discussion, Brainstorming Session, and Use of Multimedia Applications

#### **REFLECTIVE PRACTICUM:**

- 1. Critical reflection on the concept of Effective teaching and its level
- 2. Critically evaluate the role of a teacher in the context of New Education Policy (2020).
- 3. Preparation of a lesson plan on any topic using the basic teaching skills.
- 4. Preparation a detail report on uses of online teaching platforms/digital initiatives by Govt. of India.

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### **GEC1: B. WEB BASED TEACHING**

Course Title: B. Web Based Teaching	Course code: 21EDU3G1LB
Total Contact Hours: 26	Course Credits: <b>02</b>
Formative Assessment Marks: 20	Duration of ESA/Exam: 1 Hours
Summative Assessment Marks: 30	

## **Course Outcomes (COs):**

## At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Define Technology Mediated Teaching and Learning
CO-2:	Identify Web-Based Communication and Collaboration
CO-3:	Analyze the Web-Based Learning Environments
CO-4:	Understand the Web-based instructional design
CO-5:	Design storyboards and draw hierarchical diagram for the proposed website.
CO-6:	Construct a website using Adobe Dreamweaver.
CO-7:	Develop Web-based software for teaching and learning strategies

## GEC1: B. WEB BASED TEACHING

Unit	Description	Hours
1	<ul> <li>TECHNOLOGY MEDIATED TEACHING AND LEARNING</li> <li>1.1Meaning Nature, Definition, Scope and Importance of Technology Mediated Teaching and Learning</li> <li>1.2 Web-Based Learning Environment</li> <li>1.3 Web-Based Training Components and Features</li> <li>1.4 e-Learning: Meaning, Nature, Definition, Types, Features &amp; Impact of e-Learning</li> <li>1.5 On-line learning- Meaning Nature, Definition, Types , Features &amp; Impact of On-line learning</li> </ul>	10
2	SELECTING SOFTWARE AND SERVICES FOR WEB-BASED TEACHING AND LEARNING  2.1 Web-Based Software and Services for Communication  2.2 Web-Based Communication and Collaboration	08

	<ul><li>2.3 Dynamic learning environments</li><li>2.4 Virtual Learning Environments</li></ul>	
	2.5 Web-based instructional design	
	2.6 E-learning using Wikis and blogs	
	2.7 Learning Management Systems	
	ANALYSING SOFTWARE AND SERVICES FOR WEB BASED TEACHING AND LEARNING	
	3.1 Educational Dimension	
3	3.2 Task Dimension	08
	3.3 Administration Dimension	00
	3.4 Technology Dimension	
	3.5 Web-based software for teaching and learning strategies	

#### **MODE OF TRANSACTION:**

The content of the course would be transacted through Lecture cum Discussion, Group & Panel Discussion, Brainstorming Session, and Use of Multimedia Applications

#### **REFLECTIVE PRACTICUM:**

- 1. Content Creation and Designing Templates & Libraries
- 2. Designing storyboards for developing an educational website.
- 3. Drawing Hierarchical diagram for the storyboards.
- 4. Create multimedia contents required for the website
- 5. Using the skills acquired in 'Instructional Package Development Practical' and 'Educational Video Production Practical' courses using Adobe Illustrator, Adobe Photoshop, Adobe Animate and Adobe Premiere Pro.
- 6. Design templates, libraries and independent web pages using Adobe Dreamweaver for the educational website.
- 7. Developing the web pages with suitable HTML 5.0 features.
- 8. Uploading the developed website into web server.
- 9. Challenges of maintaining a website in real-time environment.

#### **REFERENCES:**

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## GEC1: C. MOOCs

Course Title: GEC1: C. MOOCs	Course code: 21EDU3G1LC
Total Contact Hours: 26	Course Credits: <b>02</b>
Formative Assessment Marks: 20	Duration of ESA/Exam: 1 Hours
Summative Assessment Marks: 30	

## **Course Outcomes (COs):**

## At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Define MOOCS
CO-2:	Identify Background and Perspective About SWAYAM
CO-3:	Analyze the Four Quadrant approach
CO-4:	Understand the Development of e-Content
CO-5:	Design Technical Specifications for Content Development
CO-6:	Construct Editing processes & Standards
CO-7:	Develop Instructional Systems for Design of MOOCS

## GEC1: C. MOOCs

Unit	Description	Hours
1	INTRODUCTION TO MOOCs  1.1 Background And Perspective About SWAYAM 1.2 Four Quadrant approach 1.3 Purpose of e-content development for SWAYAM 1.4 Scope of SWAYAM 1.5 Importance of the modules 1.6 Regulations about SWAYAM 1.7 Role of National coordinators	08
2	PROCESS LEADING TO DEVELOPMENT OF e-CONTENT  2.1Defining the Course design  2.2 pre-requisites and expected outcomes of the SWAYAM  2.3 Splitting the course into weeks and short modules	08

	2.4 Preparing quizzes for each lecture for self-testing	
	2.5 Weekly assessments and assignments	
	2.6 Discussion forums to answer questions online.	
	2.7 Practice offering of MOOC's for training and course delivery.	
	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONTENT DEVELOPMENT	
	3.1 Duration of the SWAYAM course	
	3.2 Technical Guidelines	
	3.3 Editing processes & Standards	
	3.4 Utilization of equipment available at institutions.	
	3.5 Responsibilities of Subject Matter Expert (SME)	
3	3.6 Responsibilities of Multimedia Lab	10
3	3.7 Repurposing the E-Content.	10
	3.8 Syllabus template for Week Plan	
	3.9 Instructional Systems for Design of MOOC's	
	3.10 Financing the Moocs	
	3.12 Quality Assurance	
	3.13 Intellectual Property Rights /Copyright Handling	
	3.14 Assessment and Certification	

#### **MODE OF TRANSACTION:**

The content of the course would be transacted through Lecture cum Discussion, Group & Panel Discussion, Brainstorming Session, and Use of Multimedia Applications

## **REFLECTIVE PRACTICUM:**

- 1. Content Creation and Designing MOOC Syllabus Template
- 2. Designing Course Outline developing an MOOC

- 3. Drawing Resources required for MOOC evaluation
- 4. Create multimedia contents required for the MOOCS
- 5. Prepare quizzes for each lecture for self-testing
- 6. Design Editing processes & Standards
- 7. Developing the Week Plan Template
- 8. Challenges of maintaining an Intellectual Property Rights /Copyright Handling

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## **SEC3: INTERNSHIP**

Course Title: SEC3: Internship	Course code: 21EDU3S3P
Total Contact Hours: 26	Course Credits: <b>02</b>
Formative Assessment Marks: 50	Duration of ESA/Exam: *
Summative Assessment Marks: -	

**Note:\*** There will be no theory examination for SEC3: Internship

**Course Outcomes (COs):** 

## At the end of the course, students will be able to:

CO-1:	Develop nuanced understanding of pedagogical practices and programme structures in institutes and other sites.
CO-2:	Understanding about children's thinking and learning processes, and their relationships.
CO-3:	Refine skills of interpersonal interactions with young children.
CO-4:	Critically reflect upon the field experiences and link them with theoretical construct

## **SEC3: INTERNSHIP**

Brief	Internship have been designed to deepen students' engagement with
description of	education as praxis and to develop professionals who understand the
internship:	interrelationship between the theory and practice in the 'field' which
	includes development sector, state functionaries, centrally sponsored
	schemes and initiatives among others. During this field attachment, students
	will be placed at a field site for three weeks. This prolonged engagement
	will enable students to gain an "insider-outsider" perspective to the field and
	critically engage with questions around equity, quality and social justice
	related to learning and development of young children.
	Internship in Teacher Education Institution will be minimum 04 weeks full time activity. It will be of maximum 50 marks and will be a sort of attachment of the M.Ed. student with a Teacher Education Institution engaged in pre-service and/or in-service teacher education programmes.
Assessment	Internship in Teacher Education Institutions (under supervision of M.Ed.
<b>Details:</b>	teacher in charge and College mentor teachers). Concerned supervisor will
Suggested	evaluate the internship activities of students. Then students will do

## Internship activities

internships related to teacher training institutes. Would include the observation /conduction of institutional activities.

- 1. Preparation of annual plan for B.Ed. Class.
- 2. Supervisory activities-Laboratory work, Library activities, ICT laboratory
- 3. Types of College Records
- 4. Classroom Teaching(at least 12 classes)
- 5. Visit a IGNOU/KSOU distance study center and prepare a report
- 6. Prepare a report on visit a special institutions (Deaf & Dumb, Blind etc..)
- 7. Collaborative small projects in community
- 8. Action Research
- 9. Observation of the Practice in Teaching
- 10. Lesson guidance to 4 B.Ed trainees
- 11. Prepare small module Choice of your subject
- 12. Observation of B. Ed Lesson Plan
- 13. Interview of teachers working in schools
- 14. Attend live lectures on YOUTUBE or any other social media
- 15. Video analysis of NCERT of content
- 16. Analysis of website of innovative schools
- 17. Video presentation on any relevant topic of teacher education
- 18. Participation and organization in/of the various curricular and cocurricular activities in the institution respectively.
- 19. Applying Teaching Techniques approaches, methods.
- 20. Use Innovative Methods of teaching & 5E model, ADDIE

# Code of conduct for the internee

- Familiarize yourself with, and adhere to, relevant organizational arrangements, procedures, and functions.
- ➤ Understand what constitutes a permissible work absence and who tonotify if absent, be prompt with being on time to work and with assignments; give it your best effort.
- ➤ Changes in work schedule, supervision, or problems at your site must be reported to the Internship coordinator.
- ➤ If you feel victimized by a work-related incident, contact the Internship Director immediately.
- > Dress appropriately for the work setting.
- > Follow through on commitments.
- ➤ Do not conduct personal business during work hours (emails, cell phones, internet)
- > Keep a positive attitude.
- ➤ Keep an open mind; avoid jumping to conclusions; try to make informed judgments.

- ➤ Be observant see how people organize their ideas and respond to situations.
- ➤ Communicate keep people informed in a useful and succinct way, listen, and ask questions.
- ➤ Be fair, considerate, honest, trustworthy, and cooperative when dealing with coworkers and students.
- ➤ Assert yourself and your ideas in an appropriate and tactful manner.
- ➤ Seek feedback from your supervisors, accept suggestions for corrective changes in behavior and attempt to improve performance.
- > Accept constructive criticism and continuously strive to improve performance.
- ➤ Seek to enhance your professional effectiveness by improving skills and—acquiring new knowledge