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Sl. No.

M.A. IV Semester Degree Examination, October - 2023

JOURNALISM

Research Methodology

(NEP)

Time : 1 Hour

Maximum Marks : 30

Note : Answer the following questions, each question carries **two** marks.

1. Research can be classified as :
 - (A) Basic, Applied and Action Research
 - (B) Quantitative and Qualitative Research
 - (C) Philosophical, Historical, Survey and Experimental Research
 - (D) All the above

2. Research is :
 - (A) Searching again and again
 - (B) Finding a solution to any problem
 - (C) Working in a scientific way to search for the truth of any problem
 - (D) None of the above

3. Published information in particular subject area is discussed in _____.
 - (A) Journals
 - (B) Literature review
 - (C) Research proposals
 - (D) Bioethics

4. The data which are collected for the first time by the investigator is called :
 - (A) Primary data
 - (B) Secondary data
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of these

5. The number of individual selected in a sample is called its :
 - (A) Sampling
 - (B) Quantity
 - (C) Sample size
 - (D) Sample height



P.T.O.

- 6.** The first step of Research process people do :
- (A) Formulation of a problem (B) Collection of data
(C) Editing and coding (D) Selection of problem
- 7.** Population Census is an example of Research :
- (A) Survey (B) Empirical (C) Clinical (D) Diagnostic
- 8.** An instrument used in method is called :
- (A) Sample (B) Technique (C) Tool (D) Method
- 9.** A Blue print of Research work is called :
- (A) Research problem (B) Research design
(C) Research tools (D) Research methods
- 10.** Bibliography means :
- (A) Foot note (B) Quotations
(C) List of books referred (D) Biography
- 11.** Final stage in the Research process is :
- (A) Problem formulation (B) Data collection
(C) Data analysis (D) Report writing
- 12.** Survey is a study of :
- (A) Descriptive (B) Fact finding (C) Analytical (D) Systematic
- 13.** Sending Questionnaire to a respondent with a request to complete and return by post is called :
- (A) Mail survey (B) Interview (C) Observation (D) Panel



14. An example of a historical source is :

- (A) Document, inscription
- (B) Direct inspection of functional behaviour
- (C) Match more than two people
- (D) Conversations

15. A hypothesis is :

- (A) A statement that serves as the basis for further investigation
- (B) The methodical evaluation of research evidence
- (C) A statement of the aims of an investigation
- (D) None of the above

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