



21MAT3C12L

M.Sc. III Semester Degree Examination, April/May - 2023

MATHEMATICS

Partial Differential Equations

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Answer **any five** questions with question **no. 1** is **compulsory**. All question carry **equal** marks.

1. (a) Derive the solution for solving PDE of order one but of any degree (other than one) by charpits method. 7+7
 (b) Show that the equation $z = px + qy$ is compatible with any equation $f(x, y, z, p, q) = 0$ which is homogeneous in x, y and z .

2. (a) Solve the linear PDE : 5+5+4
 $xzp + yzq = xy$
 (b) Find the complete integral of $(p^2 + q^2)x = pz$
 (c) Find the integral surface of the PDE $(x - y)p + (y - x - z)q = z$ through the circle $z = 1; x^2 + y^2 = 1$

3. (a) Solve : $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = \cos mx \cdot \cos ny$ 5+5+4
 (b) Reduce : $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = x^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2}$ to its canonical form
 (c) Reduce the equation

$$y^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 2xy \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + x^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = \frac{y^2}{x} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + \frac{x^2}{y} \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$$
 to its canonical form and hence solve it.



4. (a) Solve the differential equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \alpha^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ for the conduction of heat along a rod without radiation. Subject to the following conditions. **7+7**
- (i) u is infinite for $t \rightarrow \infty$
- (ii) $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0$ for $x=0$ and $x=1$.
- (iii) $u = 1x - x^2$ for $t=0$ between $x=0$ and $x=1$.
- (b) Solve the PDE by Fourier transform method :
- $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$; if $u(0, t) = 0$, $u(x, 0) = e^{-x}$, $u(x, t)$ is bounded where $x > 0$, $t > 0$.
5. (a) Derive the solution of diffusion equation in cylindrical Co-ordinates. **7+7**
- (b) Derive the periodic solution of one-dimensional wave equation in spherical co-ordinates.
6. (a) Describe Monge's method of integrating second order non-linear PDE in its usual notation. **7+7**
- (b) Solve :
- $(x - y)(xr - xs - ys + yt) = (x + y)(p - q)$
7. (a) By using the method of separation of variables, discuss the Neumann problem for a rectangle. **7+7**
- (b) An infinite string is initially at rest and that the initial displacement is $f(x)$. Determine the displacement $y(x)$ of the string by Fourier transform method.
8. (a) Solve $(D^2 + 2DD' + D'^2) z = e^{2x+2y}$ **4+5+5**
- (b) Solve $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$ by D' Alembert's solution of the wave equation.
- (c) Solve by Monge's method
- $y^2 r + 2xys + x^2 t + px + qy = 0$

