



M.A. II Semester Degree Examination, September/October - 2022

SOCIOLOGY

21SOC2SCL : DISASTER MANAGEMENT (SKILL)

Time : 1 Hours

Maximum Marks : 30

Instruction : Answer *all* the question.

1. Man-made disasters include :
(a) Wars (b) Terrorism
(c) Industrial hazard (d) All of the above
2. Mass-killing diseases can be referred as :
(a) Biological disaster (b) Industrial disaster
(c) War disaster (d) Flood disaster
3. Mock drills exercise to create awareness among people are conducted by :
(a) State level
(b) District level
(c) Gram panchayat/Village level
(d) All of the above
4. Thickness of the plastic cover permissible to use :
(a) 50 Microns (b) 20 Microns (c) 10 Microns (d) 100 Microns
5. National Institute of Disaster Management is at :
(a) Manipur (b) Punjab (c) Hyderabad (d) New Delhi
6. National Institute of Disaster Management publishes a biannual journal titled :
(a) Disaster India (b) Disaster Mitigation
(c) Disaster and Development (d) Indian Disaster
7. Of the following, which is a natural disaster ?
(a) Earthquake (b) Cyclone (c) Landslide (d) All of the above
8. Which virus is responsible for COVID ?
(a) HIC (b) N_1H_1 (c) AOHD (d) SARS-COV-2
9. Pandemic diseases include :
(a) Cholera (b) Small pox (c) Tuberculosis (d) All of the above
10. Which gas caused Bhopal gas tragedy ?
(a) Methyl isocyanide (b) Carbon-di-oxide
(c) Oxygen (d) Methane



- 11.** Seismic waves during earthquake are recorded and studied with the help of an instrument called :
- (a) Richter scale (b) Seismograph
(c) Lithograph (d) Cardiograph
- 12.** The chairman of the National Disaster Management Authority is :
- (a) Home Minister (b) Vice President
(c) Minister, HRD (d) Prime Minister
- 13.** The Disaster Management Act was made in :
- (a) 2006 (b) 2003 (c) 2005 (d) 2009
- 14.** The disease that swept a large part of Asia, Europe and Africa in the 14th C is :
- (a) Plague (b) Small pox (c) Tuberculosis (d) Influenza
- 15.** The human factors that cause floods are :
- (a) Deforestation (b) Heavy rainfall
(c) Cloud burst (d) Large catchment area
- 16.** Ozone depletion is mostly caused by :
- (a) CO₂ (b) Oxygen
(c) Chlorofluro carbons (CFCs) (d) CO
- 17.** The major effects of floods are :
- (a) Physical damage (b) Loss of bio-diversity
(c) Scarcity of water-supply (d) All of the above
- 18.** Which of these is a man-made disaster ?
- (a) Earthquake (b) Tsunami
(c) Deforestation (d) Volcano eruption
- 19.** Which of the following is related to acid rain ?
- (a) Carbon-di-oxide (b) Sulphur-di-oxide
(c) Nitrogen (d) Carbon-Monoxide
- 20.** The nodal departement for wind detection IMD refers to :
- (a) Indian Meteorological Department
(b) Indian Medicine Department
(c) Indian Metallurgical Department
(d) None of the above



- 21.** Full form of NGO :
- (a) Non-Governmental Organisation
 - (b) Non-Govern Organise
 - (c) Non-Govern Organ
 - (d) Not-Government Organisation
- 22.** The scientific study of earthquake is called :
- (a) Seismograph
 - (b) Seismology
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) None of the above
- 23.** Tsunami in the Indian Ocean occurred in the year :
- (a) 2003
 - (b) 2004
 - (c) 2005
 - (d) 2006
- 24.** Warning about cyclonic disaster is covered through :
- (a) Newspaper
 - (b) Radio
 - (c) T.V.
 - (d) All of the above
- 25.** What are the consequences of disaster on a society ?
- (a) Loss of life
 - (b) Damage to property
 - (c) Environmental damage
 - (d) All of the above
- 26.** What are the major Hazard/Disaster Management related activities ?
- (a) Preparedness
 - (b) Response
 - (c) Recovery
 - (d) All of the above
- 27.** What is it called when a large number of people in a community get a disease at the same time ?
- (a) Influx
 - (b) Black death
 - (c) Epidemic
 - (d) Parasite
- 28.** When did Bhopal gas Tragedy occurred ?
- (a) 3rd December 1984
 - (b) 5th November 1985
 - (c) 3rd November 1999
 - (d) 12th January 2005
- 29.** When forests are cut down, it is called :
- (a) Earthquake
 - (b) Landslide
 - (c) Deforestation
 - (d) Tsunami
- 30.** The resources that can be replaced by natural ecological cycle is called :
- (a) Renewable
 - (b) Non-Renewable
 - (c) Exhaustible
 - (d) Natural

