

No. of Printed Pages : 7

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Question Booklet Code

A

Question Booklet
Serial Number

MSW III Semester Degree Examination, April/May - 2023

Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC)

SOCIAL WORK

Research Methodology

Time : 1 Hour

Maximum Marks : 30

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. The Question Paper will be given in the form of a Question Booklet. There will be four/two/one versions of Question Booklets with Question Booklet Code viz. **A, B, C & D / A & B / A**.
2. The Question Booklet Serial Number is printed on the top right margin of the facing sheet. If your Question Booklet is un-numbered, please get it replaced by new Question Booklet with same Code.
3. Immediately after the commencement of the examination, the candidate should check that the Question Booklet supplied to him contains all the 30 questions in serial order. The Question Booklet does not have unprinted or torn or missing pages and if so he/she should bring it to the notice of the Invigilator and get it replaced by a complete booklet with same Code. This is most important.
4. A blank sheet of paper is attached to the Question Booklet. This may be used for Rough Work.
5. **Please read carefully all the instructions on the top of the Answer Sheet before marking your answers.**
6. Each question is provided with four choices **(A), (B), (C)** and **(D)** having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and darken the bubble corresponding to the question number using **Black Ball-Point Pen** in the OMR Answer Sheet.
7. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination hall till the end of the session and without handing over his/her Answer Sheet to the Invigilator.
8. Strict compliance of instructions is essential. Any malpractice or attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will result in the disqualification of the candidate.
9. First fifteen minutes is provided to fill the general information of the Student. Eg. Student Name, Student ID, etc. in the OMR Answer Sheet.
10. Without the instruction of the Invigilator do not open the Question Paper Booklet Seal.

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P.T.O.

1. The conclusions/findings of which type of research cannot be generalized to other situations ?
 - (A) Casual Comparative Research
 - (B) Historical Research
 - (C) Descriptive Research
 - (D) Experimental Research

2. Research problem is selected from the standpoint of :
 - (A) Social relevance
 - (B) Financial support
 - (C) Researcher's interest
 - (D) Availability of relevant literature

3. What does the longitudinal research approach actually deal with ?
 - (A) Long-term research
 - (B) Short-term research
 - (C) Horizontal research
 - (D) None of the above

4. A research problem is feasible only when :
 - (A) It has utility and relevance
 - (B) It is new and adds something to knowledge
 - (C) It is researchable
 - (D) All of the above

5. A researcher is interested in studying the prospects of a particular political party in an urban area. So, what tool should he prefer for the study ?
 - (A) Rating Scale
 - (B) Interview
 - (C) Questionnaire
 - (D) Schedule

6. Evaluation Research is concerned with :
 - (A) How well are we doing ?
 - (B) Why are we doing ?
 - (C) What are we doing ?
 - (D) None of the above

7. Circle graphs are used to show :
 - (A) How is one part related to other parts ?
 - (B) How various sections share in the whole ?
 - (C) How is one whole related to another whole ?
 - (D) How are various parts related to the whole ?

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8. Which one among the following is the most comprehensive source of population data ?
- (A) Census (B) National Sample Surveys
(C) Demographic Health Surveys (D) National Family Health Surveys
9. Which one is called non-probability sampling ?
- (A) Quota sampling (B) Cluster sampling
(C) Systematic sampling (D) Stratified random sampling
10. The process not needed in experimental research is :
- (A) Controlling (B) Observation
(C) Reference collection (D) Manipulation and replication
11. On what basis did Jean Piaget give his theory of cognitive development of humans ?
- (A) Evaluation Research (B) Fundamental Research
(C) Applied Research (D) Action Research
12. How can we enhance the research objective ?
- (A) By making it more valid (B) By making it more reliable
(C) By making it more impartial (D) All of the above
13. Which one among the following statements is false in the context of participatory research ?
- (A) It recognizes knowledge as power
(B) It is a collective process of inquiry
(C) It emphasizes people as experts
(D) Its sole purpose is the production of knowledge



14. What are the core elements of a dissertation ?

- (A) Introduction; Data Collection; Data analysis; Conclusions and Recommendations
- (B) Executive Summary; Literature Review; Data Gathered; Conclusions; Bibliography
- (C) Research Plan; Research Data; Analysis; References
- (D) Introduction; Literature Review; Research Methodology; Results; Discussions and Conclusions.

15. What does a good thesis involve ?

- (a) Reducing punctuations as well as grammatical errors to minimalist
- (b) Correct reference citations
- (c) Consistency in the way of thesis writing
- (d) Well defined abstract

Select the answers from the codes given below :

- (A) (b), (c) and (d) (B) (a), (b), (c) and (d)
- (C) (a), (b) and (c) (D) (a), (b) and (d)

16. Which of the following is not the method of Research ?

- (A) Survey (B) Historical (C) Observation (D) Philosophical

17. "Sampling Cases" can be defined as :

- (A) Sampling using a sampling frame
- (B) Identifying people who are suitable for research
- (C) Literally the researcher's brief case
- (D) A sampling of people, newspapers, television programs etc.

18. Which one among the following falls under the category of research development ?

- (A) Descriptive Research (B) Philosophical Research
- (C) Action Research (D) All of the above

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19. Which of the following features are considered as critical in qualitative research ?
- (A) Collecting data with the help of standardized research tools.
 - (B) Design sampling with probability sample techniques.
 - (C) Collecting data with bottom-up empirical evidence.
 - (D) Gathering data with top-down schematic evidence.
20. What do you understand by the term “Anusandhan” ?
- (A) Goal-oriented
 - (B) Following an aim
 - (C) Attaining an aim
 - (D) Praying to achieve an aim
21. Who was the author of the book named “Methods in Social Research” ?
- (A) Kerlinger
 - (B) CR Kothari
 - (C) Goode and Hatt
 - (D) Wilkinson
22. Who can successfully conduct Research ?
- (A) Someone who is a hard worker
 - (B) Possesses post-graduation degree
 - (C) Has studied research methodology
 - (D) Possesses thinking and reasoning ability
23. What are the conditions in which Type-I error occurs ?
- (A) The null hypotheses get accepted even if it is false
 - (B) The null hypotheses get rejected even if it is true
 - (C) Both the null hypotheses as well as alternative hypotheses are rejected
 - (D) None of the above
24. A research intends to explore the result of possible factors for the organization of effective mid-day meal interventions. Which research method will be most appropriate for this study ?
- (A) Descriptive survey method
 - (B) Historical method
 - (C) Ex-post facto method
 - (D) Experimental method



25. How is random sampling helpful ?
- (A) Reasonably accurate (B) An economical method of data collection
(C) Free from personal biases (D) All of the above
26. What is the name of the conceptual framework in which the research is carried out ?
- (A) Research hypothesis (B) Synopsis of Research
(C) Research paradigm (D) Research design
27. The format of thesis writing is the same as in :
- (A) Writing of Seminar representation
(B) Preparation of research paper / article
(C) A research dissertation
(D) Presenting a workshop/conference paper
28. Which technique is generally followed when the population is finite ?
- (A) Systematic Sampling Technique
(B) Purposive Sampling Technique
(C) Area Sampling Technique
(D) None of the above
29. How to judge the depth of any research ?
- (A) By research title (B) By research duration
(C) By research objectives (D) By total expenditure on research
30. Authenticity of a research finding is its :
- (A) Validity (B) Objectivity (C) Originality (D) All of the above

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SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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