No. of Printed Pages : 2

21MAT1C3L

Sl. No.

M.Sc. I Semester Degree Examination, April/May - 2024 MATHEMATICS

Differential Equations

(NEP)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

- **Note :** Answer **any five** questions with question No. **1 (Q.1) Compulsory**. **All** questions carries **equal** marks.
- 1. (a) Prove that n solutions y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n of $L_n(y) = y^{(n)} + a_1 y^{(n-1)} + \dots + a_n y = 0$ where a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n are constants are linearly independent in the interval I. If and only if W (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n) $(x) \neq 0, \forall x \in I$.
 - (b) Solve the initial value problem y'' + 2y' 3y = 0, y(0) = 0 and y'(0) = 1 4
 - (c) Discuss the existence and uniqueness theorem for second order **5** homogeneous linear differential equation with constant coefficients.
- **2.** (a) If x(t) be any solution of x'' + a(t)x = 0 defined on $(0, \infty)$ and a(t) be negative **5** then prove that the solution x(t) has at most one zero.
 - (b) State and prove Sturm's Comparison theorem.
 - (c) Reduce $x^2y'' 2(x^2 + x)y' + (x^2 + 2x + 2)y = 0$ to its canonical form and solve. 4
- 3. (a) Find all the solutions of boundary value problem x" + λx=0, x(0)=0, x(1)=0
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 (b) State and prove Green's theorem.
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- 4. (a) Find the radius of convergence and exact interval of convergence of the 4 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)x^n}{n}$

power series
$$\sum \frac{(n+1)x}{(n+2)(n+3)}$$

- (b) Find the power series solution in powers of (x-1) for the IVP **6** xy'' + y' + 2y = 0, y(1) = 2 and y'(1) = 4.
- (c) Define ordinary and regular singular point of a differential equation. Show that x=0 is an ordinary point and x=1 is a regular singular point of $(x^2-1)y'' + xy' y = 0$

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21MAT1C3L

5. (a) Find the critical points. and further determine its nature and stability of the following system.

(i)
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 3x + y, \frac{dy}{dt} = x + 3y$$

(ii)
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2x + 7, \frac{dy}{dt} = 3x + 8y$$

(b) Write notes on :

- (i) Centre point (ii) Saddle point
- (iii) Spiral point (iv) Node
- **6.** (a) Verify Liouville's theorem for $x^2y'' xy' + y = 0$.
 - (b) Verify $x^2y'' 2xy' + 2ny = 0$ is a self adjoint differential equation. If not **5** transform it into an equivalent self adjoint form.

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(c) Prove that two linearly independent solutions $x_1(t)$ and $x_2(t)$ of x'' + a(t)x + b(t)x = 0 have no common zero's.

7. (a) Construct the Green's function for the boundary value problem $x'' + K^2 x = 0$, x(0) = 0 and x(1) = 0

- (b) Show that the function $f_1(x) = 4$ and $f_2(x) = x^3$ are orthogonal over (-2, 2) and determine the constant A and B such that the function $f_3(x) = 1 + Ax + Bx^2$ is orthogonal to both $f_1(x)$ and $f_2(x)$
- (c) Define the following :
 - (i) Power series
 - (ii) Radius of convergence
 - (iii) Orthogonal function
 - (iv) Orthogonal set of functions

8. (a) Solve $y'' - 2y' - 12y = 2x^3 - x + 3$ by the method of undetermined Coefficients. 5

- (b) Discuss the method to find the power series solution about x=0 is an ordinary **5** point of y'' + P(x)y' + Q(x)y=0.
- (c) Describe Liapunov's direct method to discuss the stability of the system. **4**

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