No. of Printed Pages : 2

21PHY3E2CL

Sl. No.

# M.Sc. III Semester Degree Examination, April/May - 2024 PHYSICS

#### **Renewable Energy Physics**

### (NEP)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

**Note :** Answer **any five** of the following questions with Question No. 1 (Q.1) Compulsory, each question carries **equal** marks.

- (a) Describe the classification of energy resources into renewable and 8 non-renewable categories.
  - (b) Describe the current world energy scenario and the role of renewable energy **6** sources.
- **2.** (a) Explain the challenges associated with the utilization of nuclear energy as a **8** commercial energy source.
  - (b) Outline the challenges associated with using nuclear energy as a commercial **6** energy source.
- **3.** (a) Explain the construction and operating principle of a parabolic trough solar **8** collector.
  - (b) Explain the operation and benefits of solar water pumping systems.
- **4.** (a) Describe the classification of WECS based on their configuration and operation **8** principles. Provide examples of each type.
  - (b) Discuss the various components of a wind turbine, including the rotor, blades, **6** gearbox, generator and tower.
- 5. (a) How does photosynthesis convert solar energy into biomass fuels ? Explain.
  8 (b) Outline the steps involved in producing ethanol from biomass.
  6
- **6.** (a) Evaluate the potential of ocean energy, including tidal and wave energy, as **7** sustainable sources of electricity generation.
  - (b) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of solar thermal electric power **7** generation.

## 

6

#### 21PHY3E2CL

- **7.** (a) What strategies can be employed to mitigate the challenges posed by wind **7** variability ?
  - (b) Explain the process of photosynthesis and its role in biomass energy 7 production.
- **8.** (a) Estimate the focal length of a parabolic trough with a length of 100 meters **5** and a depth of 5 meters.
  - (b) Discuss the capacity factor of a wind energy system.
  - (c) Discuss the different types of biomass fuels commonly used for energy production.

4

- o O o -

## 

2