21BCOM5V1A



B.COM. V Semester Degree Examination, April/May - 2024 COMMERCE

VOC-1: Goods and Service Tax - Law and Practice (NEP)

Time: 2 Hours Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Answer **all** sections.

SECTION - A

Answer the following sub-questions. Each sub-question carries one mark. 10x1=10

- 1. (a) Expand ITC.
 - (b) What is IGST?
 - (c) What do you mean by supply of goods and service?
 - (d) What do you mean by mixed supply?
 - (e) What is input tax?
 - (f) What is Taxable Goods?
 - (g) What is tax invoice?
 - (h) What is credit note?
 - (i) What is valuation of Supply?
 - (i) What is Transactional Value?

SECTION - B

Answer **any four** of the following questions, each question carries **five** marks.

2. Give an introduction to GST in India.

- 4x5=20
- 3. Mr. X of Tamilnadu casual dealer who provides following information regarding supply Non-taxable turn over ₹ 4,00,000 casual trader in Karnataka ₹ 5,00,000. Taxable turnover ₹ 6,00,000 Compute aggregate Turnover.
- **4.** Salma a registered traders of Telengana, sold goods of ₹ 8,00,000 to Usha a registered dealer of Telengana. Usha is supplying the goods to Vishal a unregistered trader in Andhra Pradesh after including 30% profit, assuming CGST is at 5% and SGST at 5%.
 - Calculate the tax payable by Usha dealer after adjusting ITC.
- **5.** What are the steps to follow GST returns?



- **6.** From the following transactions of business in Delhi to Karnataka find the amount of Bill of goods. MRP ₹ 10,000, ₹ 14,000 ₹ 18,000 at a discount rate of 20% and GST 28%.
- **7.** If the date of receipt of goods is 15-07-2019, date on which the payment is entered in the books of accounts is 20-07-2019 and date on which amount debited in the bank account is 22-07-2019.

What will be the time of supply?

SECTION - C

Answer any two of the following questions, each question carries 15 marks.

8. State the various benefits of GST.

15x2=30

- **9.** Chandrika limited is into manufacturing of FMC goods. Following are the invoices raised in the month of February 2020.
 - (a) Invoice No. 102-Supply of moisturizer ₹ 40,000, Delivery charges for transportation ₹ 5000.
 - (b) Invoice No. 103-Supply of face cream ₹ 30,000, moisturizer ₹ 40,000 and Shampoo ₹ 30,000 at a single offer price of ₹ 85,000.

Comment and compute GST liability assuming rates are: Face Creams 28% moisturizer 28%, Shampoo 18% and services at 18%.

10. Basavaraj of Gokak of Karnataka a registered dealer under GST act supplied goods to Murali of Indore of MP a registered dealer for ₹ 4,00,000. And further Murali supplied the goods to a registered dealer of West Bengal a registered retailer for ₹ 5,50,000. The tax rate of CGST and SGST are 14% and 14% respectively.

Calculate the tax payable by Murali dealer after adjusting the ITC.

11. Compute the transaction value of taxable goods and GST payable from the following information wholesale price of a product sold to Gujarath from a dealer in Bangalore, including GST 12% ₹ 2,10,000.

The following are not included in the price.

- (a) Secondary Packing Cost ₹ 10,800
- (b) Cost of Special Packing ₹ 16,200
- (c) Cost of Returnable Packing ₹ 8,000
- (d) Freight and Insurance ₹ 7,500
- (e) Trade discount ₹ 20,000
- 12. Write procedure for assessment under GST.

